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# THE MORNING STAR.

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VOL. LXVII.--NO. 113. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,440

## The Morning Star.

### OUTLINES.

Representatives of Southern railroads reached an agreement to maintain uniform rates in the South Atlantic and Gulf States. —— A detachment of thirty American soldiers attacked by Filipinos; five Americans were killed, four wounded and two missing. —— The President has signed the army reorganization bill; enlistments for the month of January were 2,732. —— Continued talk in Washington about the probability of an extra session of Congress; the President says it is necessary. —— All the exchanges in New York, excepting the Coffee Exchange, closed yesterday as a tribute of respect to the memory of Queen Victoria. —— The King and Queen of Great Britain expressed themselves as profoundly touched by the manifestations of sympathy in the United States. —— An attempt was made to lynch a negro, charged with rape, in Nottoway county, Va., but he escaped. —— Special services at St. John's Church, Washington, in honor of Queen Victoria were attended by President McKinley and his cabinet.

### WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 2.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 33 degrees; 8 P. M., 43 degrees; maximum, 51 degrees; minimum, 31 degrees; mean, 41 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, — rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, — inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—For North Carolina: Rain Sunday; warmer in extreme east and central portion; southeast winds, fresh to brisk on the coast. Monday clearing in eastern and fair in western portion.

Port Almanac--February 3.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 7.00 A. M. |
| Sun Sets | 5 28 P. M. |
| Day's Length | 10 H. 28 M. |
| High Water at Southport. | 7 05 A. M. |
| High Water Wilmington. | 9 35 A. M. |

It is said that the British Government has purchased in this country 170,000 horses and mules for service in the South African war, 100,000 of which have been shipped from New Orleans.

Editors lose their heads sometimes in this country, but they don't stay lost as many do in China where 1900 have had their heads snipped off for writing stuff that the Government bosses didn't enjoy.

A New York court has decided that Mr. Castellane must worry along on $200,000 a year from Anna Gould's money. If he wants more he will have to work for it and work something else than the Gould estate.

Some doctors say the way to avoid the grip is to keep your mouth shut. Whether that keeps the grip microbe out or not, it is good advice on general principles. Many a fellow has worked himself into trouble by failing to heed it.

The Savannah *News* concludes from the way the farmers of Georgia are buying mules and fertilizers that they are preparing to raise as much cotton as they can this year. The good prices for the last year's crop have demoralized them but they may be more demoralized when they are hit with the low prices that may follow a big crop.

An agricultural congress in Italy has declared the experiments made in Italy and France to prevent storms by shooting big guns up into the heavens when clouds gather a success. The shooting knocks the stuffing out of the clouds, as it were, and instead of drenching, destructive downpours, wind, thunder, lightning, etc., the moisture comes down in gentle rain.

The estimated appropriations by this session of Congress will be somewhere about $800,000,000, making the total appropriations by this Congress between a billion and a half and three-quarters. Some years ago when they reached a billion Tom Reed jocularly remarked that this was a "billion dollar country" and could stand that thing. But ain't they running the coulter pretty deep?

**In Observance of Queen's Funeral.**

The flags over the British and Royal Danish vice consulates were kept at half mast yesterday by orders of the respective consuls, Mr. James Sprunt and Mr. A. S Heide, in honor of the funeral of late lamented Queen Victoria of England. The flags of the vessels in port were also at half mast and a number of the church bells of the city were tolled during the hour of the funeral in the afternoon. The mark of respect on behalf of the Danish government was more than appropriate from the fact that wife of the present King of England, Alexandra, is the daughter of the King of Denmark. The two governments are very closely allied and have always borne friendly relations to one another.

### LOCAL DOTS.

— There will be a special convocation of Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M., in the Temple Monday evening for the purpose of conferring the Past Master's degree.

— The usual first Monday meetings will be held to-morrow—the County Commissioners in the afternoon and the Board of Aldermen and Camp of Confederate Veterans at night.

— The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad Company will be held in the rooms of the Merchants' Association on Tuesday, February 5th, at 11 A. M.

— Rev. Livingston Johnson, State Secretary of Missions of the Baptist Church, arrived last evening. He will preach to-day in the Baptist churches of this city, as was stated in yesterday's STAR.

— Dr. Geo. C. Worth will lecture at Mt. Olive A. M. E. Church, corner Second and Dawson streets, to night at 8 o'clock. His subject will be "My Experience in China." The public is cordially invited.

— State Senator Morton has been quite sick with la grippe at his rooms at the Yarborough, Raleigh, for the past three days. He was up and about his rooms yesterday morning for the first time. He is expected in Wilmington to-morrow or Tuesday.

— The big four-masted schooner *Mary T. Quinby* arrived yesterday from New Orleans with a cargo of molasses for Mr. R. W. Hicks. She went slightly aground in the river opposite Kidder's mill yesterday morning, but tugs expected to get her off on high water last night.

— It was inadvertently stated in yesterday's STAR that Mrs. Rigsby died Thursday morning at 1010 North Fourth street. It should have been Mrs. Rebecca Boyett. The STAR was also mistaken in saying that Mrs. Jno. A. Strauss is a daughter of the deceased.

— The friends here of Dr. D. B. McNeill, of Supply, Brunswick county, will regret to learn from the STAR'S special telegram this morning that he is still quite ill with pneumonia at Raleigh. His friends expected to remove him yesterday from Mrs. Hardy's, where he is boarding, to the Rex hospital.

— Hon. Walter H. Neal, of Laurinburg, who is favorably known to many Wilmington people, has been mentioned as a probable candidate for solicitor in the Seventh Judicial district, composed of the counties of Anson, Richmond, Scotland, Moore, Robeson, Bladen, Columbus, Brunswick and Cumberland.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
Geo. O. Gaylord—Spring of 1901.
A. D. Brown—Black dress goods.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Wall paper.
VonGlahn & Gibson—Neckwear.
Vollers & Hashagen—Grain, oats.
Seacoast Road—Stockholders' meet'g
Masonic—Meeting Concord Chapter.
S. & B. Solomon.—Evening slippers
S. J. Davis Livery Stables—Nothing slow.
Opera House—"Farmer" Dunn's Moving Picture Company.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Stolen—Bicycle.
P. H Hayden—Buggies, harness.
Veterans—Meeting Cape Fear Camp.

### PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. S. H. Fishblate left last night for New York.

— Miss Sallie Emnett has returned from a visit to Rocky Point.

— Mr. Edwin A. Metts is confined to his home with la grippe.

— Mrs. W. H. Yopp returned last evening from Mt. Olive.

— Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy expects to return to Washington this evening.

— Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Matthews, of Elm City, are visiting relatives in the city.

— Ed. S. Battle, Esq., has returned from a visit of several days to Raleigh.

— Mrs. Joseph D. Smith, and children arrived in the city yesterday from Charlotte.

— Miss Annie McL. Taylor returned home yesterday from a visit to friends in South Carolina.

— Miss Brizzelle Burton, of Durham, is the charming guest of Miss Alice Bordeh on Third street.

— Mr. B. O. Stone returned yesterday from a trip in South Carolina, and reports the the business prospects as very bright.

— Mr. S. B. Horton, the popular travelling representative of Snead & Carrington, Lynchburg, Va., is in the city calling on the trade.

— Mr. G. M. Barrett, of Orangeburg, S. C., is visiting in the city, the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Henry Pannill, No. 514 Dock street.

**Tea at the W. L. I. Armory.**

The Daughters of the Confederacy will give a tea at the W. L. I. Armory to-morrow afternoon and evening from 5 to 11 o'clock. The price of admission will be 25 cents. No charge will be made for refreshments. The proceeds from the tea will go for the benefit of the memorial work. The following are on the committee of arrangements. Mrs. Jno. J. Hedrick (chairman,) Mrs. Jno. T. Rankin and Mrs. Sarah James.

## VERDICT FOR $9,584.

### Jury in Shepard Damage Suit Agreed After All Night's Session.

### SUPERIOR COURT ADJOURNED

**Several Important Cases Appealed to the Supreme Court—Winding Up of the Session—Many Matters Considered by Judge Hoke**

Every issue in the Shepard damage suit against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, of South Carolina, was answered in favor of the plaintiff and the amount of recovery fixed at $9,584 by the jury in the Superior Court yesterday morning upon the convening of the session at 10 o'clock. The verdict was reached by the jury, after remaining out all night, at about half an hour earlier, but was not announced until Judge Hoke came into court.

The issues submitted and answered were as follows:

Was plaintiff injured by the negligence of the defendant? "Yes."

Did plaintiff, by his own negligence, contribute to his injury? "No."

What damage is plaintiff entitled to recover? "$9,584.00."

The verdict was the subject of much comment yesterday on the street and speculation was rife as to the method of procedure of the jury in arriving at the uneven figures.

The STAR has it from a trustworthy source that after wrangling over the question practically all night, it was decided yesterday just before the hour for the opening of the court, to make a general average of the estimates of the several members of the jury, each estimate not to exceed $10,000; to take the aggregate of these and divide by twelve, which was done, eleven members having contended for $10,000 each and one for $5,000, making the sum total $115,000, which divided by twelve gives the approximate result as announced in the verdict.

The jury was as follows, Mr. W. W. Roberts having been chosen as foreman: A. H. Zoeller, E. R. McGowan, D. S. Bender, W. A. Piner, S. A. Schloss, W. W. Roberts, Geo. Wynne, J. H. Dew, F. L. Mintz, John L. Smith, J. W. Barnes and Wm. Simpson.

When the result of the trial was made known attorneys for the defendant made a motion for a new trial on the question of evidence, on His Honor's charge and in refusal of the court to allow a motion of non suit. The motion for a new trial was annulled and defendant excepted. The judgment on the verdict was for the plaintiff and an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court by the defendant. Notice of appeal was waived and bond was fixed at $100. Thirty days was allowed defendant to serve case on appeal and thirty days thereafter was allowed plaintiff to serve counter statement. The case will now be heard before the higher court during the sixth week of the Fall term which begins the latter part of September.

The case of Mrs. Shepard against the same defendant will come up at the April term of the Superior Court.

**Other Proceedings Yesterday.**

As yesterday was the last day of the term, quite a large number of other matters came up and were disposed of. The session was not adjourned for the term, but allowed to expire by limitation at midnight.

The most important item of the day's proceedings, other than in the matter of the Shepard suit, was the appeal by defendant to the Supreme Court of the case of Mrs. J. R. Strauss vs. the City of Wilmington, in which the jury last week, after a hearing of three days, awarded the plaintiff $4,129 20 damages as the result of the death of her husband from alleged injuries received by falling into a street excavation about five years ago. Defendant's attorneys made a motion for a new trial, but this was overruled by Judge Hoke, whereupon defendant excepted, judgment was signed, and notice of appeal was given. The bond was fixed at $50 and defendant was allowed thirty days to make up appeal and an equal time, thereafter, was allowed plaintiff to serve counter statement.

Upon motion of Brooke G. Empie, Esq., counsel for the plaintiff, the verdict allowing the recovery of $50 damage in the suit of Hales vs. Harper was set aside and a new trial ordered, the case having been set for trial on the first Wednesday of the April term, Mr. Empie made his motion on the ground of inadequacy of amount and upon the further ground that the verdict was not responsive to His Honor's charge and the evidence in the case.

In the case of Fowler vs. Fowler, which created some interest during the close of the first week of the term, and which was decided in favor of the plaintiff, Mrs. Zillah Fowler, the defendant's attorneys made a motion to set aside the second issue, but the motion was overruled as was a subsequent one for a new trial on the question of evidence and on the judge's charge. An appeal to the Supreme Court was taken, notice of appeal having been waived. Thirty days was allowed each side to prepare the case and the bond was fixed at $50.

Judge Hoke made a general order allowing time to file pleadings in all cases upon the summons docket in which orders have not been given.

The following orders were made in cases as follows:

M. S. Blossom vs. Henry Green; on motion ordered that plaintiff be allowed to make additional party defendant and continued under former order.

Elizabeth Vollers, executrix, vs. J. D. Nixon, continued under former order.

Lloyd C. McKoy vs. C. C. R. R. Co., motion to retax costs; motion continued until April term without prejudice.

W. C. Craft vs. Mechanics' Home Association, off.

M. M. Mahn, guardian, vs. H. M. Bowden, judgment by default covering property attached.

J. H. Malpass, et al, vs. Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association, motion for receiver and Ed. S. Battle appointed.

Wm. Brown vs. Mary Brown, plaintiff allowed to amend complaint.

Thos. S. Burbank vs. So. Bell Tel. and Tel. Co., motion by defendant to non suit but motion overruled; plaintiff allowed thirty days to file complaint, and defendant thirty days to answer.

Matt J. Heyer vs. J. O. Bell, judgment final, plaintiff to recover $411.30 with interest from May 3, 1898.

D L Gore vs. Jordan Nixon and wife, judgment to foreclose.

Lee vs. Lee, divorce granted.

Sterling Cycle Co. vs. H. M. Tucker, death of defendant suggested, and ordered that R. D. Tucker, administrator, be made party defendant.

J. V. Graleger vs. W. L. Smith, receiver, et al., judgment.

City vs. Daggett, ordered alias summons.

Leich Bros. vs. Fennell, off.

Blossom vs. McKoy, continued under former order.

W. A. Wright vs. Bonham, et al., Clerk to issue notice to defendant to employ counsel.

## THE MASONIC RECEPTION.

**Handsome Invitations Mailed for an Elaborate Function in Honor of Ladies on Thursday Night.**

Handsomely engraved invitations to the reception which the Masonic fraternity of Wilmington will give to the ladies of the city on next Thursday evening were mailed last night, and from the programme a very brilliant event is assured.

The invitations have on the first page a Masonic emblem printed in colors and on the third page is the greeting:

"The Masonic fraternity of Wilmington in recognition of the valuable assistance rendered by the ladies on various occasions, especially at the Fair held on the opening of the Temple in 1899, tender you as one of the efficient workers on that occasion, an invitation to a social entertainment to be given in the Temple on Thursday evening, February 7th, 1901, at 8 30 o'clock. Present the enclosed card at the door."

On the fifth page is the programme and menu of the banquet neatly printed as follows:

"Welcome Address by Iredell Meares, Esq.

Quartette, "Come Where My Love Lies Dreaming," (Foster), by Miss Carrie White, soprano; Mrs F. A. Muse, contra alto; Mr. C. H. Cooper, tenor; Mr. A. S. Holden, baritone.

Soprano solo (selected) by Mrs. Jno. W. Harriss.

Baritone and Tenor Duet, "Gently Flows the River." (from Joan of Arc) by Messrs. R. C. Banks and A. S. Holden.

Soprano Solo (selected) by Mrs. Jos. H. Watters.

Bass Solo, "Asleep in the Deep" by Mr. H. K. Holden.

Serenade (Schubert) by Munson Quartette. Mr. C. H. Cooper, first tenor. R. F. Fowler second tenor; Arthur D. Kinsman, first bass, and Mr. H. K. Holden, second bass.

Solo, "The Boy Guessed Right" (from the "Runaway Girl") by Mr. C. H. Cooper.

Accompanists — Miss Lucy Chadbourn and Mr. A. H Yopp.

Dancing from 10 to 12 o'clock, midnight.

The menu includes oysters, stewed, crackers, celery, pickles, ice cream, assorted cakes and coffee.

On the last page are the names of the three subordinate lodges of Masons, Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M., Munson Council No. 41 Royal and select Masons, and Plantagenet Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar.

**A Wilmington Soldier.**

Our esteemed townsman Mr. John T. Platt was informed by wire yesterday from the West Point Military Academy that his son cadet W. P. Platt would graduate February 18th with the rank of First Lieutenant. The numerous friends of cadet Platt have watched his career at the famous military school with much interest. Without the advantages of a collegiate education, possessed by nearly all applicants, he passed all the preliminary examinations and during his four years' term has ranked high in his classes. He will doubtless be granted a furlough as soon as he graduates and will spend some time here with relatives and friends, all of whom will greet him most cordially as Lieutenant Platt, U. S. A.

**At the First Baptist Church.**

Rev C. S. Blackwell, D. D., will, by request, repeat his sermon, the "Ministry of Music," at the First Baptist church at 7.45 o'clock this evening. The special musical programme which was so admirably rendered last Sunday night will also be repeated tonight. It will be a source of much pleasure to Wilmingtonians to know that Mrs. J. W. Harris, of Cartersville, Ga., daughter of Capt. A. L. DeRosset, will sing Bischoff's "Rock of Ages." Mrs. Harris has one of the sweetest and most magnificent soprano voices ever heard in Wilmington.

**Schubert Hall Recital.**

The following programme of classical numbers was delightfully rendered in Schubert Hall yesterday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock by pupils of Miss Cannie Chasten's piano classes:

"The Flatterer," (Chaminade), by Miss Nellie Corbett.

"Presto," (Clementi), by Miss Bertie Hanson.

"Nocturne," (Schulze), by Miss Sallie Bell Jackson.

"Sonata in E Flat," First Movement, (Beethoven), by Miss Elizabeth D. Burtt.

## FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

**Ed S. Battle, Esq., Appointed Receiver for the Corporation by Judge W. A. Hoke Yesterday.**

Upon motion of Messrs. Bellamy & Peschau, attorneys for the plaintiff in the suit of J. M. Malpass, of Pender county, vs. the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association, Judge W. A. Hoke in the Superior Court yesday appointed Ed. S Battle, Esq., receiver for the defendant corporation, and the affairs of the company will be wound up in accordance with the following order, which was made in the premises:

J. M. Malpass vs. the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The cause coming on for hearing and it appearing to the Court that the summons and complaint in this cause was duly served on the defendant on November 29th, 1899, and no answer or demurrer being filed thereto and that the said complaint has been duly verified.

It is now on motion of Bellamy & Peschau, attorneys for the plaintiff, ordered, adjudged and decreed that the prayer of the plaintiff be granted. And it appearing from said complaint, that the defendant is insolvent, it is further ordered and decreed that Edward S. Battle be and is hereby appointed receiver of all the property and effects of the defendant corporation, and it is further ordered that upon the said Ed. S. Battle entering into bond in the sum of $500, for the faithful discharge of his duties, approved by the Clerk of the Court, the said defendant and all its officers and agents are hereby directed to turn over to said Receiver all the books, property and effects of the defendant corporation, and in the meantime the defendant and all its officers and agents are restrained from disposing of any of the property and effects of said corporation. And it is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that said Receiver is authorized and empowered to collect all the debts, choses and actions and other claims and demands due or to become due to the defendant corporation by any person or member of said corporation.

W. A. HOKE,
Judge Presiding, Sixth District.

The suit of Mr. Malpass against the Farmers' Mutual was brought two or three years ago to recover from the company a loss by fire of $400, judgment for which was obtained in the Superior Court and half of the amount paid. The other half of the judgment has been uncollectable for some time, and hence the motion and the order by Judge Hoke.

The company is a Greensboro corporation and has branch organizations in nearly every county in the State, and a number of policy holders in the concern will await the ultimate result with much interest.

## BILL REPORTED FAVORABLY

**Mr. Bellamy's Bill Amending the National Banking Law Met With Approval.**

Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy yesterday received in a very complimentary letter, notice of the favorable consideration by the Committee on Banking and Currency of his bill to amend the national banking law, so as to permit national banks to consider and treat their surplus as capital in the restrictions of loans, a copy of which was recently printed in these columns.

The letter is from Congressman Adin B. Capron, of Rhode Island, one of the eighteen members of the committee, and is as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 38, 1901.

*Hon. J. D. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C.:*

MY DEAR MR. BELLAMY:—It is with pleasure that I inform you that the Committee on Banking and Currency this day unanimously decided that your bill, H. R. 12614, entitled "to amend the national banking law" should be favorably reported to the House. I shall be pleased to report the bill as soon as I hear from you and know your wishes in the premises. If you will draft the report I shall be glad to adopt it as the report of the committee.

Awaiting your reply, I remain
Very truly yours,
A. B. CAPRON.

**Banqueted his Clerks.**

Mr. Jno. H. Rehder, the enterprising manager of the large department stores of Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co., near Fourth street bridge, gave a splendid banquet on Wednesday evening at his hospitable home, No. 107 North Seventh street, in compliment to the twenty odd clerks employed in his establishment. Mrs. Rehder assisted graciously in receiving the guests and besides the very elegant banquet, there was an elaborate programme of vocal and instrumental music which was enjoyed to the greatest extent by those present.

**The Fishing Controversy.**

Messrs. E. H. Freeman, W. H. Yopp, Ed. Taylor and D. J. Fergus returned last evening from Raleigh, where they went to appear before the Fishery Committee of the Legislature relative to the proposed legislation with reference to the "pike" or stationary nets, reference to the settlement of which is made in the Raleigh correspondence of to-day's STAR. Both sides to the controversy appear to be well satisfied at the result of the conference and there will now likely be no further trouble about the matter.

**The Gattis-Kilgo Hearing.**

The hearing by Judge Hoke in the matter of appeal in the Gattis-Kilgo suit was concluded by Judge Hoke in chambers at The Orton this morning at 1:30 o'clock, after a hearing since 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Judge Winston and J. Crawford Biggs, who appeared as counsel for the defendant and plaintiff, respectively, in the hearing, will leave this morning for their homes at Durham. Judge Hoke will leave this evening to convene Sampson Superior Court a Clinton.

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

### Willard's Bill Concerning Execution of Criminals Failed to Pass.

### IMPEACHMENT RESOLUTION.

**Compromise in the Dispute Over Fisheries in the Lower Cape Fear River—The Aycock Text Book Bill Passed by the Senate.**

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., February 2.—In the House to day Willard's bill to provide that all executions of criminals be in the State prison, came up with an amendment that unclaimed bodies be turned over to medical colleges. After a lengthy discussion the amendment was tabled, carrying the bill with it.

Shellfish Commissioner White and the steamer Lily (his pleasure yacht) were the subject of vigorous discussion, resulting in the passage of a bill to place the steamer Lily under control of the Governor, and authorizing Theophilus White to secure a sailing vessel to cost not exceeding one hundred dollars a month.

Mr. Mann in his speech charged as a notorious fact that White was not enforcing or attempting to enforce the oyster laws. He has only one month more in office, and the bill will save the State nearly five hundred dollars. The bill was sent to the Senate without engrossment and passed that body also.

The only other bill of interest passed places the appointment of keeper of the Capitol into the hands of the Governor.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Rountree.

Bills were introduced as follows:

Williams, to provide school books for orphans and indigent children.

Stewart, to incorporate the Bank of Dunn.

Mann, to pay W. H. Lucas and other oyster claims.

Brittain, to appoint representatives of unknown or absent heirs; to provide for holding municipal elections.

Simms, to allow persons to redeem land sold for taxes.

Craig, to secure better observance of the Sabbath.

In the Senate the most important business was the passage of the Aycock text book bill as revised and amended by the Joint Committee on Education. It provides for State adoption of books, or board of education, aided by a commission of educators; for county depositories for books and teacher to forfeit certificate if he or she teaches other than books prescribed. The bill was sent to the House without engrossment.

Other bills passed were the following:

To allow any town on the Great Eastern railroad to subscribe to the capital stock.

Senate bill regulating settlement of partnerships by surviving partners.

Senate bill to amend the charter of the Lumberton and Lumber River railroad.

House bill to incorporate the Robeson Loan and Trust Company.

Bill to enable Charlotte to fund its floating debt.

There was a lively discussion upon the bill to investigate the management of the institution for the deaf, dumb and blind. It resulted in reference of the bill to committee.

Senator Brown said the movement for examination was not because of charges by Republicans; but he has letters from good citizens charging extravagance.

The following, among other bills, were introduced:

McIntire, regarding the Croatan normal school. Also, regarding the charter of Lumberton.

Miller, of Pamlico, to prevent non-residents from dredging and selling clams without license.

Buchanan, to protect telephone lines.

Smith, to establish graded schools in Selma.

A compromise has been agreed upon and a substitute bill is being drawn in the fisheries committee regulating stationary nets in the lower Cape Fear river. The agreement is that no set nets shall be used on the west side of the river, and none on the east side within 100 yards of the channel. No set nets more than 120 feet long, and the gaps shall be 120 feet. No drift nets used longer than 300 yards, and no fish taken after April 15th.

It is understood the Judiciary Committee of the House will report on the resolution to impeach Judges Furches and Douglas on Monday. The Committee is strictly "mum" as to the probability of a favorable or unfavorable report. Sentiment is much divided as to the wisdom of impeachment proceedings.

Senator McNeill, of Brunswick, continues very ill on Halifax street. Senator Morton is much improved but is still confined to his room at the Yarborough.

The Biblical Recorder Company was incorporated to-day with $16,000 capital. J. W. Bailey is president and editor.

**At the Opera House.**

Farmer Dunn's Moving Pictures will be the attraction at the Opera House all next week. The scenes will be from the Galveston flood, Spanish bull-fights, Boer war, Paris Exposition and other notable occurrences. The prices will be 10, 20 and 30 cents and ladies will be admitted free when accompanied by the purchaser of one paid thirty cents ticket.

A. D. BROWN.

BLACK
Dress Goods.

The past week we opened some very nice things in Black Dress Goods, consisting of French Serges, Albatros, Storm Serges, Cheviots, Granite Cloths, Pebble Cloths, Henrietta Cloths, all wool and silk and wool Melrose, Prunella Cloth and Mohairs. These goods have been selected with great care, and we guarantee them in regard to quality and shade of black. Prices are reasonable.

A few of those HANDSOME CREPONS are still on hand which we are——

CLOSING OUT AT GREATLY
Reduced Prices.

We have on display the most elegant stock of Laces and Embroideries in the city—all new this season. AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

A. D. BROWN.

feb 3 tf

— Mr. Jas. W. Barnes, Jr., is the live representative of Stevens Bros., fruit and produce commission merchants of Baltimore. Mr. Barnes understands his business thoroughly and is very popular in this section of the State.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Stockholders' Meeting.**

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington Sea Coast Railroad Company will be held Tuesday morning, February 5th, at 11 o'clock, in the rooms of the Merchants' Association. FRANK H. STEDMAN, Secretary and Treasurer.
feb 3 2t

**Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.**

COMPANIONS.—There will be a Special Convocation Monday evening, for the purpose of conferring the Past Master's Degree.
By order of the High Priest.
W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.
feb 3 1t

**Opera House**
Monday, February 4th
AND ALL WEEK.
"Farmer" Dunn's Moving Picture Co.,
Showing the latest Bull Fight taken in panoramic form, also scenes from the Paris Exposition, Boer War, &c.
Prices.....10, 20, 30 cents.
Ladies admitted free Monday night when accompanied by a paid 30c ticket.
feb 3 1t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States in the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of J. C. Ratliff, bankrupt. In bankruptcy. To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United states for the Eastern District of North Carolina: J. C Ratliff, of Rockingham, in the county of Richmond, and State of North Carolina, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 31st day of December, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.
Dated this 31st day of January, A. D. 1901.
J. C. RATLIFF, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina, ss.: On this 1st day of February, A. D. 1901, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1901, before the said Court, at the office of the undersigned referee in Fayetteville, N. C., in the said district at 1 o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Morning Star, a newspaper printed in the said district, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
Witness my hand at Fayetteville, in the said district, on this 1st day of February, A. D. 1901.
SAMUEL H. MACRAE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
feb 3 1t

**North Front Street.**
Lot 41 ft. front by 144 ft. deep.
Adjoining Cape Fear Club and Seaboard Air Line Building.
Beginning 132 feet north of N. W. corner of Front and Chesnut streets. Runs North 41 feet and westwardly 144.
Bids for this valuable lot will be received until February 4, 1901.
Secure information and address bids to
J. G. WRIGHT & SON,
Real Estate Agents.
jan 30 5t

**For Sale.**
200 Cases Pie Peaches.
100 Cases Table Peaches.
200 Boxes Star Lye.
200 Boxes Mendleson's Lye.
100 Bags Coffee.
100 Barrels Molasses.
25 Barrels Vinegar.
500 Boxes Plug Tobacco.
Cigars, Cheroots, Smoking Tobacco, Matches, Soap, and lots of other goods for sale at close prices.
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.
Wholesale Grocer,
jan 19 tf 18 Market street.

**Armour's Fertilizers**
1,450 bags General 38-2-2.
1,040 bags Specific Tobacco 8-2-2.
875 bags General Tobacco 8-2-2.
626 bags Manure Substitute 6-4-4.
980 bags 10 per ct. Trucker 6-10-3.
960 bags Tankage 8-25.
620 bags Phosphate 10-2.
1,480 bags Dissolved Bone 13 per ct.
2,110 bags German Kainit 12 per ct.
160 bags Sulphate Potash.
210 bags Muriate Potash.
87 bags Nitrate Soda.
460 bags Dirty Salt.
1,940 bags Cotton Seed Meal.
Letters as to terms and prices cheerfully answered.
W. B. COOPER,
306, 310, 312 Nut street,
jan 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**Vollers & Hashagen,**
Grain Shippers and General Provision Dealers.
Get our prices on
Grain,
Oats,
Hay,
In car lots or less.
Our facilities are unsurpassed and we guarantee satisfaction.
We solicit your favors.
feb 3 tf

There's nothing slow about the horses or vehicles sent out from
THE S. J. DAVIS LIVERY STABLES
Our equipment is thoroughly up to date. We can please those who want a horse and buggy for a quick business trip or those who want a carriage for pleasure, theatre or wedding.
Charges: Not nearly so high as they might be.
Stock fed and well cared for at reasonable prices. Particular attention is given to this branch of our business. Mules and Horses always on hand at lowest prices.
Both 'Phones No. 124. No. 108-210 Market street.
feb 3 tf

**Why Pay $200 for a fine Bedroom Suit**
WHEN YOU CAN GET JUST AS FINE A SUIT
For $150.00 from
E. M. ANDREWS,
The Furniture Dealer.
jan 25 tf 117 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

**Select Your Neckwear**
From our stock. We know that it will be a little difficult, because you'll like and want every Tie in our store. This is the most unique display of Ties that has ever been shown in our city.
VonGlahn & Gibson,
feb 3 tf No. 5 North Front street.

A WILLIAM GOAT IS A GOOD
Butter.
BUT THE BEST AND ONLY BEST IS THE "CLOVER HILL" BRAND FOX RIVER
Butter.
For reasons of my own, I am now selling this
Butter 30c lb.
Same price you pay for inferior goods,
SEE?
30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30.
S. W. SANDERS,
jan 27 tf AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

The Morning Star
BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 3.

## MAKING PLEAS TO VIOLATE PLEDGES.

The majority of the Republican organs which sustain the policy of the Administration as to the acquisitions from Spain and the island of Cuba, have for some time been putting up pleas in advance to justify holding on to Cuba indefinitely if not perpetually. The line they follow is something similar to this, which we clip from the New York *Tribune*:

"The strange idea is expressed in some quarters that the United States Government has no right to reject, amend or criticise the Cuban constitution, but must without question agree to whatever instrument the Constitutional Convention may frame and immediately withdraw from the island. It is added that the United States has, of course, no right to demand any advance agreement as to the relations that are to exist between Cuba and this country, but must take its chances of equitable treatment along with all other nations and on the same terms with them."

Following this up it argues:

"The irrational character of such conceptions of United States rights—and, we may add, duties—in Cuba will be obvious if we review briefly the circumstances of the intervention of 1898. Everybody knows that intervention was not made solely for the sake of Cuban independence. It was to put a stop to intolerable conditions of misgovernment and to secure the establishment of a new order which would not be a menace to us or an offence to the world. 'I ask the Congress,' wrote the President in his 'intervention message,' 'to empower the President to take measures * * * to secure in the island the establishment of a stable government capable of maintaining order and observing its international obligations, insuring peace and tranquility and the security of its citizens as well as our own.' And in the same memorable document he protested that the war in Cuba must stop 'in the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in behalf of endangered American interests, which give us the right and the duty to speak and act.'"

Congress authorized the President to intervene, but instead of echoing all he said in these quoted extracts it solemnly and unanimously declared as follows:

"That the people of Cuba are and of right out to be free and independent.

"That the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island except for the pacification thereof, and asserts its determination when that is accomplished to leave the government and control of the island to its people."

Is there any doubt as to the meaning of a resolution as plainly phrased as that? "The people of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent." Is that susceptible of more than one construction? Was it intended that it should have more than one construction? But to emphasize it and leave the motives and attitude of the United States beyond question or suspicion the first was supplemented with the second clause solemnly declaring that the United had no intention of asserting or exercising dominion save for the purpose of pacification, and when that was done they would withdraw from the islands and turn the Government over to the people of Cuba. A resolution subsequently adopted speaks about stable Government but that was an afterthought and was probably put in as a sort of hedging scheme the same as the interest of the United States' phrase was incorporated in the Philippine resolution adopted by the Senate on the ratification of the treaty with Spain.

The *Tribune* quotes phrases from the President's message showing what he asked Congress to do, but standing out in bold relief against these is the resolution adopted unanimously by Congress, the solemn pledge to Cuba and the world as to the motives that inspired this Government in espousing the cause of Cuba.

While with the masses of the people of the United States it was a case of sympathy with the Cubans struggling for liberty, sympathy intensified by the atrocities perpetrated by the Spanish generals in command, no one supposes that it was sympathy alone which influenced the powers at Washington to act. They justified intervention partly on the ground of the injury done this country by the continued strife in the island, the loss in trade, etc., and it is more than probable that even then they hoped to turn intervention to some account in securing a dominating influence in the island and thus reaping benefits that would compensate for intervention. This cropped out pretty soon after the landing of the American troops, and the little regard those in command paid to the Cuban army or the commanders of that army, both of whom took very little part in the active operations against the Spaniards. The fact is they were practically ignored, and to such an extent that the Cuban General in command talked about disbanding his army and retiring from the field. The Cuban soldiers were purposely kept in the background, just as the Filipino soldiers were after the arrival at Manila of the American army. This caused considerable friction and soon led to war in the Philippines.

That this programme was the result of studied deliberation there is but little doubt, for the ease with which Cuba was captured, the almost hopeless condition to which the Cubans were reduced, and the prospective richness of the prize excited the cupidity and the greed of the war directors and the disinterested motive was forgotton and the solemn pledge ignored.

They can't lay any claim to sovereignty over Cuba, for that was expressly disclaimed in advance, but with a characteristic trickery they now assert that we owe duties to ourselves, to Cuba and the world that require us to exercise supervision over her constitution, and to hold on until a "stable" government, (whatever that may mean), is established. Any government which guards the lives and the property of the citizens and leaves them free to go and come and enjoy their earnings without peril or molestation, that gives one citizen or person the protection of the laws the same as is given to other persons, where every one has a chance to live, to pursue his avocation in peace and security, without oppression, and the laws based on justice are supreme, that ought to be a "stable" government that would meet the requirements regardless of the particular phraseology of constitutions, etc., and if this is the kind of government the Cubans propose for themselves it is no business of ours by what forms they reach that.

All this talk about stable government, as the Republican organs and party tricksters understand it, all this talk about duty to ourselves, to the Cubans and to the world is the veriest subterfuge, too apparent to deceive any one with an ordinary amount of common sense. Cuba may come to us some day, but if she ever does it shouldn't be by hypocrisy and theft, but by her own voluntary action.

## CANNED GOODS.

A canning firm in Wilkesboro shipped to St. Louis several days ago four car loads of canned blackberries, worth $5,000, and had five more car loads of other canned goods to be shipped to the same market later, from which it appears that one canning firm, at least, in the State is doing a pretty large business and is going about it in a business-like way by finding a market outside of the State for its goods. This first shipment of berries didn't cost a cent except for picking and canning, as they grow in the woods and are picked principally by children and other people who have little to do. What they bring in might be called clear gain.

For years the North Carolina blackberry has been in demand in the West, and agents from firms that deal in them have been in the habit of making annual visits to the berry packing towns to make contracts for deliveries. These were berries dried in the sun and packed in barrels, not a very nice thing to look at, but apparently relished by the Western pie eaters. The canning is a decided improvement on the drying method, and we have no doubt will prove more profitable.

There is a big opening for this industry in connection with the canning of other fruits and vegetables, for the blackberry is one of the never-fail crops, which grows in the greatest abundance in all sections of the State and lasts through several weeks. There is little danger of over-doing the business, as there is always a reasonably good demand for the berry in the large cities of the North and West.

Chinese women are scarce and in demand in San Francisco, where fellows (Chinese) make money by importing them and selling them to other Chinamen. Five were sold a few day ago at prices ranging from $1,700 to $2,500. That kind of traffic has been going on for years and there does not seem to have been any serious efforts made to put a stop to it, although the purpose for which these girls are imported and sold is pretty generally understood.

A negro in Alabama was recently caught stealing a dead hog and couldn't deny it or claim an alibi. He undertook to tote the hog, which was a heavy one, and in crossing a fence a rail broke, the hog fell on him and broke his neck.

**Robbed the Grave.**

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicans had given me up. Fortunately, a friendly advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement, I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts., guaranteed, at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store. †

IN ALL STAGES of Nasal Catarrh there should be cleanliness. As experience proves, Ely's Cream Balm is a cleanser, soother and healer of the diseased membrane. It is not drying nor irritating, and does not produce sneezing. Price 50 cents at druggists, or it will be mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. Upon being placed into the nostrils, it spreads over the membrane and relief is immediate. It is an agreeable cure. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

## SOME PERTINENT QUESTIONS FOR MR. WILSON.

During the Presidential campaign the Republican party managers drafted into the service nearly all the cabinet officers, who took part in the campaign either with speeches or interviews in the newspapers, so now Boss Hanna has drafted Secretary of Agriculture Wilson to help him boost his ship subsidy grab. Accordingly Mr. Wilson has been writing to the farmers, telling them Hanna's subsidy scheme will be a good thing for them. But he is not having it all his own way, for some of the agricultural journals, which speak for the farmers and are supposed to know what their sentiments are, are calling Mr. Wilson to task and are asking him some very pertinent questions, among them the *Rural New Yorker*, one of the leading and ablest journals of that kind in the country. In a late issue it calls Mr. Wilson to task and propounds some inquiries, as follows:

"Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson has declared in favor of the shipping bill which provides large subsidies for American ships He says that farmers need better freight service to foreign countries, and gives instances to show where important freight has been delayed. He then says that from every point of view we should not depend on foreign ships, but that Americans should carry American freight We agree with the secretary, though we know from experience that it often pays better to hire some one else to carry your produce than to do your own hauling. If Mr. Wilson wishes to give the farmers real advice he should not stop with what they already know, but go on and tell us why the rich ship builders and steel makers need help from the government. That is the point to be discussed. Why should the farmers be taxed to support a class of people who are better able to provide for themselves than most business men?

"Mr. Wilson is quoted as saying that he knew from correspondence that there is a practically universal sentiment among the farmers in favor of the bill, and that those who are against it are mainly those who do not understand what advantages the bill will bring to the farmers. Our experience and observation indicate just the reverse of that statement. The farm papers of the country are outspoken against the bill. The few farmers who talk to us in favor of it seem to have an idea that it is a party measure which will make their party stronger with certain rich men or in certain localities. There are many farmers who now see in their own business the results of former indirect taxation schemes. Here is their question, Mr. Secretary—perhaps you will answer it. Why, if our manufacturers can outdo the world on machinery and material, do they not build their own ships without help?"

The promoters of all these schemes go on the assumption that the farmers have not the discriminating judgment to tell the difference between a grab like the ship subsidy and a piece of honest legislation by which they and others may be benefitted, and the habit has been to try to make them believe that all such jobs are for their benefit. That's the way they were talked to to win their votes for a high protective tariff, which has cost them millions of dollars without any compensating benefit, and that's what they are told to win their endorsement of the Grout oleomargarine bill, and this is what Mr. Wilson tells them to fool them into supporting Hanna's subsidy steal. It is now in order for him to answer some of the pertinent questions propounded by the *Rural New Yorker*.

## TWO SIDES TO IT.

The habit has been to hold the Chinese people responsible for all the outrages in China, and while no one will excuse or palliate the atrocities perpetrated by the Boxers, there are still, two sides to this question and the atrocities perpetrated by the representatives of the so-called Christian powers should not be forgotten. In a recent sermon before a missionary society in New York Bishop Potter thus rebuked the outrages which have done so much to retard the progress of Christianity in China, and brought disgrace upon Christian nations. He said:

"If I were called upon to-night for a brief for either of the two great contestants in the present struggle between China and the powers, I should choose in favor of China. In my opinion, we should be ashamed of our selves for our treatment of the Chinese. We have trampled on their most sacred traditions, we have ridiculed and scoffed at their gods, we have laughed at their ancestor worship. Is it any wonder that the Chinese have risen against us? Our treatment of the Chinese has been a disgrace to our religion, and we should despise ourselves for it. We have sent men over there who are not Christians, but savages, and who have trailed the name of Christian in the dust.

"What we need to do first of all is to convert the people we send to the Chinese, and then convert the Chinese. We must do this before we can ever be successful in our missions. We should create a public sentiment that will raise up our whole treatment of the Orientals. Instead of scoffing at their gods, let us show them a better one in our own Christianity. Let us treat them like brothers. Our tradesmen have gone there to get what they can. The Christian tradesmen and travellers have been at the bottom of all the trouble in China, and their savagery has caused all the trouble. Let us convert them here at home."

—— If the ship-subsidy advocates have not abandoned the argument that the proposed bounty would be the means of providing swift steamers that would render invaluable service as auxiliary cruisers in the event of war, they ought to. As a matter of fact steamers engaged in the merchant service would hunt for safe harbors in the event of an outbreak of war, and would stay out of harm's way untill the war was over. They would be pratically useless in these days of swift armored cruisers.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

— Elsie—"Ma, what is a 'white lie'?" Ma—"Well, my child, the milk we have served to us here in the city is a fair specimen of one."

**Springtime**

Is the sweetest season in human life, as it is in Nature generally. It is the time of promise. As the young girl draws near to that mysterious line "Where womanhood and girlhood meet," her whole destiny is in a measure being determined. How often the sweet young girl, under the influence of the change, withers and droops like some blighted bud. Nature generally needs some little help at this critical period, and this help in its best form is contained in Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, and gives the vigor of perfect health to the womanly organs. It contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor other narcotic.

Miss Emma Lee, of Williford, Sharp Co., Ark., writes: "I was suffering severely and tried several doctors' remedies, but received only very little relief; therefore, I feel it my duty to write and let other sufferers know what your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets,' have done for me. I took eight bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' six vials of the 'Pellets,' also one bottle of your 'Compound Extract of Smart-Weed.' As soon as I had taken the first bottle I could see that the medicine was helping me. I had disease of internal organs with bronchitis and catarrh. I also used the local treatment you suggested."

The sluggish liver can be cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

## A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

S E KISER

Men couldn't steam across the sea,
A hundred years ago,
And money wasn't all they thought
Worth having here below;
They had no elevators then
To hoist them through the air,
And yet they thought the poor old guys,
That they were wonderful and wise,
And that the world was fair.

Men couldn't talk by telephone,
A hundred years ago,
They sowed and reaped and thrashed by hand,
And when the streams were low
They had to stop the mills and wait
For God's good rain to fall,
And yet they proudly went about
With heads held high and chests pushed out,
And thought they knew it all.

Their battleships were made of wood,
A hundred years ago,
And oh, the weak old ways they had
For laying people low!
They had no lightning train on which
To flit athwart the scene,
And yet those poor, benighted men
Supposed that things were perfect then—
Alas! but they were green!

Men had to load each time they shot,
A hundred years ago,
And then, alas! they had no gas
To light things here below!
There were no trolley cars to dodge
No horseless things to tame,
And yet, poor fools, they thought that they
Had all the blessings, in their day,
That men might ever claim!

But they had pessimists around
A hundred years ago,
Who mourned because their sons could ne'er
Obtain a proper show!
And they predicted dire things—
They thought the end was near;
They fancied that the devil then
Worked overtime in urging men
To start red havoc here.
—*Chicago Times-Herald.*

## SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Forgive your enemies and conquer your aversions.

— Christ is God's best argument for the truth of Christianity.

— Good company and good conversation are the sinews of virtue.

— If God were to smile upon the man who hates his brother, devils would soon be happy.

— He who carves his own fortune should use the chisel of truth and the mallet of definite purpose.

— A little gain in patience to-day, a little more trust to morrow—that's the way a Christian life grows.

— If, in some modern churches, the women should "keep silence," there would be a stillness that could be felt

— Not as men of science, not as critics, not as philosophers, but as little children, shall we enter into the kingdom of heaven.

— Disappointment in children is a stroke of calamity as destructive of happiness in the parental heart as the lightning's stroke.

— Those who try to do right grow into the habit of doing right. Not only so, but, what is better still, they learn to love right.—*Southern Christian Advocate.*

— "Never give unnecessary pain." The cricket is not the nightingale; why tell him so? Throw yourself into the place of the cricket—the process is newer and more ingenious, and it is what charity commands.—*Amiel.*

— Greenville *Reflector*: A terrible accident occurred at Ayden Thursday afternoon at the saw mill of Mr. W. H. Basden. The governor belt to the engine broke and the engine "run away." This frightened the fireman so that he fled. Mr. Basden started to the engine with the intention of stopping it by shutting off the steam. By the time he reached it the engine had gained such terrific momentum that the drive wheel burst all to pieces. One of the spokes from this wheel struck Mr. Basden in the abdomen and almost disemboweled him He died in a few hours.

**A Thousand Tongues.**

Could not express the rapture of Annie E Springer, of 1125 Howard st, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will ever one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and $100. Trial bottle 10c. at R. R BELLAMY's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

## SUNDAY SERVICES.

Rev. E. E. Lane will address the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Christian Science services at the Masonic Temple, room 10, this morning at 11.15 o'clock. Subject of Bible lesson "Spirit."

Services in St. John's Church to-day, Septuagesima Sunday, by the rector at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 3 30 P. M.

Services in St. James' church: Litany, Holy Communion and sermon, 11 o'clock; Sunday School, 3.45 o'clock; evening prayer, 5 o'clock.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt pastor. English services today at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 3.30 P. M. Everybody welcome.

The musical programme of last Sunday night will be repeated at the First Baptist church to-night, but the sermon will not be repeated. The subject tonight will be, "When There is no Vision They Perish."

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, North Fourth street, above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor. Morning service only at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 9 45 A. M. All seats free and every person welcome.

First Baptist Church Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D. pastor. 11 A. M. Rev. Livingston Johnson will preach; at 7 45 P. M. the pastor will speak on "When there is no vision the public perish." The musical programme of last Sunday night will be repeated.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, corner Fourth and Orange streets: Morning prayer and litany at 11 A. M.; evening prayer and sermon at 7 45 P. M. Rev. F. H. T. Horsfield officiating at the evening service. Sunday School at 2.30 P. M. Seats free. All are welcome.

## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Sanford *Express*: The Sanford broom factory is doing a good business and is receiving more orders than it can fill.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Mrs. Pennie Haywood, aged 77 years, died at the home of her son, Mr. L A Haywood, near Trenton, last Sunday.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The table factory received an order this week from Chicago for a car load of tables, amounting in cash to something near $1,000.

Carthage *Blade*: The Carthage Furniture Factory is now in full blast making furniture. Their first order was for 75 bed room suits and they have a number of good orders ahead.

— Weldon *News*: Efforts are being made by well known capitalists to establish a national bank here. We learn that about $25,000 have already been subscribed and the bank will certainly be established.

— Chadbourn *Messenger*: The strawberry crop is reported short in all the fruit growing sections, attributable to the failure of the truckers to get in early plants on account of the drought last Summer. With these prevailing circumstances in view, the outlook for good prices the coming season is bright.

— Smithfield *Herald*: Many Johnston county farmers have been very successful in raising tobacco, but no one has made a greater success than has Mr. J. M. Langdom, of Elevation township. Mr. Langdon planted only two acres the past season and sold his crop for $457.65.

## TWINKLINGS.

— A Severe Blow: "That will be a popular song," commented the composer's friend. "Is it as bad as that?" groaned the composer.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Hungry Customer—"Waiter, here I've been waiting for over half an hour for those deviled crabs." "Oh, sir, but you must remember that crabs always move slow."

— "Did you do nothing to resuscitate the body?" was recently asked of a witness at a coroner's inquest. "Yes, sir; we searched the pockets," was the reply.—*Sacred Heart Review.*

— "Sometimes I'm almost glad the Boers didn't win." "For what reason?" "Had they won out the Paul Kruger style of whiskers might have become the fashion."

— He Paid for It—"There goes a man with a very interesting history," said the clerk in the book store. "You don't say?" inquired the customer. "How do you know?" "I just sold it to him."—*Philadelphia Press.*

— Wife—"We must have Miss Skreech and Mr. Bellow from the choir to help entertain those friends of yours to night." Husband—"Most assuredly not." Wife—"Why not? You said they were musical people." Husband—"That's why, exactly."

— "He is not a genuine literary man," said Hiland to Halket, referring to one who made literary pretensions. "How do you know?" "He always uses the word 'extract' instead of 'except.'"—*Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.*

— Rev. Windley—"Now that Lent is approaching you should think of performing some penitential act." Miss Pert—"Oh, I do. I expect to come and hear you preach every Sunday."—*Philadelphia Record.*

— Casey—"Since the Hoolihans got rich, I sh'pose they're t'rowin' on all kinds av shtoile." Murphy—"I sh'd say so! They've changed th' goat's name t' Nannette, b'gob!"—*Batimore American.*

— Depends on the Victim—"There are two kinds of grib going round." "What are they?" "The kind a person gets who can afford to stay in bed, and the kind a person gets who can't afford to stay in bed."—*Chicago Record.*

— The Typo to Blame—Visitor (angrily)—"See here, sir. You called me a political jobber in your paper this morning." Editor—"Yes, but that was a mistake." Visitor—"Ah! You admit that." Editor—"Certainly. I wrote 'robber' very plainly."—*Philadelphia Press.*

## CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Farmers should not get the idea that there is any guarantee that cotton will go to 10 cents next year. It will be possible to overdue the thing this year, just as it has been done in other years by an all-cotton craze.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— There is a great revival of shipbuilding in all Connecticut yards. Notably, at Groton two big steamers for the Pacific trade are employing 325 workman to build them; and so, at Noank, at Mystic and other points; also in Maine and all over the country, while the agents of the jobbery in both Houses of Congress are pretending to deplore the inability of shipbuilders to do any work without a subsidy, the lie is being crammed down their throats by the clatter of adze and the saw in every shipyard.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

**"I Would Not Have Catarrh for a Million Dollars," Says Mrs. Carter—Pe-ru-na her Safeguard.**

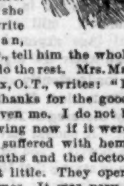
MRS. LESLIE CARTER, THE GREAT ACTRESS, OF NEW YORK CITY.

Mrs. Leslie Carter, probably the most prominent actress in America, says the following of Pe-ru-na:

"Pe-ru-na is sure to prevent a cold. It will stop a cough before it becomes settled. It cures all catarrhal affections like magic. No money could tempt me to be without this remedy for even a day. It is just the remedy that all women need, especially such women that are exposed to the vicissitudes of climate, as I am.

"I never neglect an opportunity to recommend this remedy to my friends. It is America's greatest remedy for America's greatest enemy, catarrh and catarrhal affections. I would not have catarrh for a million dollars, and as long as I have Pe-ru-na at hand to promptly check the slightest symptoms of its approach, I feel perfectly safe from this disease." N. Leslie Carter.

Mrs. M. Dooley, Mount Airy, Habersham county, Ga., in a recent letter says: "I suffered five years more or less with catarrh of the stomach and pelvic organs. I tried a good many remedies of my own, and bought medicine from a doctor that was highly recommended, although the medicine did me no good whatever. Finally, I concluded to submit my case to Dr. Hartman. I wrote him, and he readily advised me. I bought some Pe-ru-na, and a few days after was taken with la grippe. I took Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin and I can say without a doubt that it has entirely relieved me of all my ailments. I feel better and stronger than I have in many years. My appetite is all right, I have no symptoms of my former troubles remaining. I am able to do my usual work without fatigue, and have every reason to believe that my health is the direct result of the use of Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin, without which I should have been dead by this time. There is no medicine that can equal Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. I find it a sure cure for all catarrhal affections; as for la grippe there is no other remedy that can compare with it. I can scarcely find words to express my gratitude for Dr. Hartman's good advice and kindness to me.



The peculiar ills to which women are subject are often very dangerous. It frequently happens that the victim lives far from competent medical assistance. What shall she do? She is not wealthy enough to go to some distant city for treatment, and cannot procure skillful assistance at home. This is what she should do: write Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., tell him the whole story, and he will do the rest. Mrs. Margareth Fietz, Wilcox, O. T., writes: "I extend my sincere thanks for the good advice you have given me. I do not believe I would be living now if it were not for you. I had suffered with hemorrhage for four months and the doctors could help me but little. They operated on me three times. It was very painful, and I only obtained a little relief. As long as they worked at me, the hemorrhage stopped; but just as soon as they closed the door it would commence to flow again. I was so weak I could not turn in bed. At last my neighbors began to speak of patent medicines. Then I applied to Dr. Hartman. I did not know whether he could help me or not; but I followed his advice and only used three bottles of Pe-ru-na. Now I am well and as strong as I ever was."

Every woman should have Dr. Hartman's free book to women. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

## WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | | |
| 2 ℔ Jute | 8¼ | @ | 8½ |
| Standard | | @ | 8¾ |
| Burlaps | 6 | @ | 6¾ |
| WESTERN SMOKED— | | | |
| Hams ℘ ℔ | 10 | @ | 12¼ |
| Sides ℘ ℔ | | @ | 8½ |
| Shoulders ℘ ℔ | 8½ | @ | 9 |
| DRY SALTED— | | | |
| Sides ℘ ℔ | 7¾ | @ | 8 |
| Shoulders ℘ ℔ | 7½ | @ | 7¾ |
| BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— | | | |
| Second-hand, each | 1 40 | @ | 1 45 |
| Second-hand machine | | @ | 1 45 |
| New New York, each | | @ | 1 45 |
| New City, each | | @ | 1 45 |
| BRICKS— | | | |
| Wilmington ℘ M | 7 00 | @ | 7 50 |
| Northern | 9 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | | |
| North Carolina ℘ ℔ | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Northern | 25 | @ | 28 |
| CORN MEAL— | | | |
| Per bushel, in sacks | 53 | @ | 54 |
| Virginia Meal | 53 | @ | 54 |
| COTTON TIES—℘ bundle | | @ | 1 35 |
| CANDLES—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Sperm | 18 | @ | 25 |
| Adamantine | 8 | @ | 11 |
| CHEESE—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Northern Factory | 13 | @ | 14 |
| Dairy Cream | 13½ | @ | 14 |
| Half cream | 12½ | @ | 13 |
| COFFEE—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Laguyra | 11 | @ | 12½ |
| Rio | 8½ | @ | 10 |
| DOMESTICS— | | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard | | @ | 5¼ |
| Yarns, ℘ bunch of 5 ℔s | | @ | 70 |
| FISH— | | | |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ barrel | 22 00 | @ | 30 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ half-bbl. | 11 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2, ℘ barrel | 16 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 ℘ half-bbl. | 8 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 3, ℘ barrel | 13 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ℘ barrel | 3 50 | @ | 3 75 |
| Mullets, ℘ pork barrel | 7 00 | @ | 7 50 |
| N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ℘ ℔ | 5 | @ | 10 |
| " Extra | 4 25 | @ | 4 50 |
| FLOUR—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Low grade | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| Choice | | @ | 3 75 |
| Straight | | @ | 4 00 |
| First Patent | 4 50 | @ | 4 75 |
| GLUE—℘ ℔ | 9 | @ | 10 |
| GRAIN—℘ bushel— | | | |
| Corn, from store, bgs—White | 58 | @ | 60 |
| Mixed Corn | 58½ | @ | 59 |
| Car-load, in bgs—White | | @ | 57 |
| Oats, from store | 36 | @ | 37½ |
| Oats, Rust Proof | | @ | 42½ |
| Cow Peas | 85 | @ | 90 |
| SIDES—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Green salted | | @ | 6¼ |
| Dry flint | 12½ | @ | 13 |
| Dry salt | 9 | @ | 10 |
| HAY ℘ 100 ℔s | | | |
| No 1 Timothy | 95 | @ | 1 00 |
| Rice Straw | 40 | @ | 50 |
| Eastern | 90 | @ | 95 |
| Western | 90 | @ | 95 |
| North River | | @ | 90 |
| HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔ | 2½ | @ | 2¾ |
| LARD, ℘ ℔— | | | |
| Northern | 6 | @ | 8¾ |
| North Carolina | 9 | @ | 10 |
| LIME, ℘ barrel | 1 15 | @ | 1 20 |
| LUMBER (city sawed) ℘ M ft— | | | |
| Ship Stuff, resawed | 18 00 | @ | 20 00 |
| Rough edge Plank | 15 00 | @ | 16 00 |
| West India cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Dressed Flooring, seasoned | 18 00 | @ | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, com'n | 14 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES ℘ gallon— | | | |
| Barbadoes, in hogshead | | @ | 25 |
| Barbadoes, in barrels | | @ | 28 |
| Porto Rico, in hogsheads | 28 | @ | 30 |
| Porto Rico, in barrels | 28 | @ | 32 |
| Sugar House, in hogsheads | 12 | @ | 14 |
| Sugar House, in barrels | 14 | @ | 15 |
| Syrup, in barrels | 15 | @ | 25 |
| NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis | | @ | 2 35 |
| PORK, ℘ barrel— | | | |
| City Mess | | @ | 15 00 |
| Rump | | @ | 14 50 |
| Prime | | @ | 14 50 |
| ROPE, ℘ ℔ | 11 | @ | 22 |
| SALT, ℘ sack, Alum | | @ | 1 25 |
| Liverpool | 90 | @ | 95 |
| American | 90 | @ | 95 |
| On 125 ℘ Sacks | | @ | 63 |
| SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Gran'd | 1¾ | @ | 6 |
| Standard A | | @ | 5¾ |
| White Extra C | | @ | 5¾ |
| Extra C, Golden | | @ | 5¼ |
| C Yellow | | @ | 5 |
| SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern | 3½ | @ | 4 |
| STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel | 6 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| R. O. Hogshead | | @ | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping | 8 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Common mill | 4 00 | @ | 5 00 |
| Fair mill | 6 50 | @ | 7 50 |
| Prime mill | 7 50 | @ | 8 50 |
| Extra mill | 8 50 | @ | 9 50 |
| SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed | | | |
| ℘ M 6x24 heart | 4 25 | @ | 5 00 |
| " Sap | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| 5x20 Heart | 2 25 | @ | 2 50 |
| " Sap | 1 60 | @ | 1 75 |
| WHISKEY, ℘ gallon Northern | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |

— "I believe that man Swindler is a palmist." "Why?" "Played poker with him last night; when I got up to get a drink he looked at my hand."—*Ohio State Journal.*

**For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.**

## COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, February 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market steady at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.30 per barrel for hard $2.30 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 53@52½c; rosin firm at $1.25@1 30; tar firm at $1 30; crude turpentine firm at $1.75 @$3 00.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits turpentine | 48 |
| Rosin | 356 |
| Tar | 703 |
| Crude turpentine | 5 |

Receipts same day last year—37 casks spirits turpentine, 826 bbls rosin, 102 bbls tar, 119 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 9 5-16c per pound for middling. Quotations:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 6⅞ | cts. ℘ ℔ |
| Good ordinary | 8¼ | " " |
| Low middling | 8⅞ | " " |
| Middling | 9 5-16 | " " |
| Good middling | 9½ | " " |

Same day last year middling firm at 7⅝c.

Receipts—1,217 bales; same day last year, 1,582.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime 75c. Extra prime, 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 86c. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 66c; Spanish 80c.

CORN—Firm: 58 to 60 cents per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11 to 12½c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; sides, 7 to 7c.

EGGS—Firm at 12 to 12½ cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 12½@25 cents; springs, 10@17 cts.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 8 to 8½c; dressed, 10 to 11c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½ cents per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 50 cents.

### FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488 for demand and 484¾@484½ for sixty days. Posted rates were 485 and 488½@489. Commercial bills 483½@484. Silver certificates 62@63. Bar silver 60¾. Mexican dollars 47.

### NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 2.—Spirits turpentine steady at 37½c; sales — casks Rosin firm and unchanged.

### PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 2.—Butter steady; Fresh State dairy 16@20c; creamery 16@22; June creamery 15@20c; factory 11@14½c; imitation creamery 13½@17½c. Eggs dull; State and Pennsylvania 20@20½c at mark, for average lots; Southern 18½@19½c at mark; Western 19@20c at mark. Cheese steady; fancy large, fall made 11½@11½; small fancy, fall made 11½@12c.

There was no change reported in sugar, molasses, rice, leather, hides, naval stores, metals, or in any of the minor markets.

The coffee market started steady in tone, with prices 5@10 points higher and afterward ruled dull with insignificant further variations. The advices received were from firmer foreign markets than expected and a smaller Brazil crop movement than was figured upon; trading was professional throughout. At the close the market was quiet, with prices 5@10 points net higher. Total sales were 16,750 bags, including March $5 55; May $5 65.

## MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A J Johnson, Marley, Clear Run, by master.

Schr Mary T Quinlby, 1,047 tons, Ayre, New Orleans, R W Hicks.

CLEARED.

Stmr A J Johnson, Marley, Clear Run, by master.

Clyde steamship Saginaw, Hale, New York, H G Smallbones.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Schr Clara L Bergen, Bateman, New York, George Harriss, Son & Co.

## MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 3, 1901

SCHOONERS.

Mary T Quinby, 1,047 tons, Ayre, R W Hicks.

Edith and May, 104 tons, Kelly, J T Riley & Co.

J Howell Leeds, 394 tons, Bateman (for orders).

B I Hazard, 373 tons, De Buhr, George Harriss, Son & Co.

D M Anthony, 493 tons, Barlow, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Isaac K Stetson, 272 tons, Trask, George Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Premier, (Br) 188 tons, McDonald, Chadbourn Lumber Co.

Buckminster, 1,297 tons, Brown, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BARGE.

Carrie L. Tyler, 538 tons, Jones, Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

### BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—272 bales cotton, 2 barrels tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—431 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 97 barrels tar, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—402 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 49 barrels rosin, 47 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—6 barrels tar.

Clyde steamer Saginaw—112 bales cotton, 40 barrels tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—27 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels rosin, 231 barrels tar.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—10 casks spirits turpentine, 280 barrels tar.

Royal's Raft—305 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 1217 bales; spirits turpentine, 48 casks; rosin, 356 barrels; tar, 703 barrels; crude turpentine, 5 barrels.

**BANANAS, BANANAS**

25 bunches must be sold, 15 and 20c dozen.

Florida and California Oranges, 25 to 35c dozen.

Fancy Apples, Grapes, Pears, Cocoanuts, &c.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

jan 26 tf 204 Princess st.

**We Have Sold Our Christmas Goods!**

but we still have a full line of

**Groceries,**

Which we will sell as CHEAP as any other.

Give us a call and see for yourselves.

Williams Bros.,
Wilmington, N. C.

jan 15 tf

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jan 3 tf

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jan 3 tf

**The Barber Shop.**

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.

We cut hair, too,
As well as shampoo.

GUION & DAVIS,
7 South Front street

P. S.—Brush the gentleman cap a pie.

jan 28 tf

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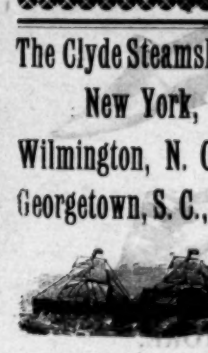
## New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.

ALLEGHANY ..... Saturday, Feb. 2
SARATOGA ..... Saturday, Feb. 9

From Wilmington for New York.

SARATOGA ..... Saturday, Feb. 2
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Feb. 9

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, Feb. 5
SARATOGA ..... Tuesday, Feb. 12

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York.

feb 1 tf



FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Jan. 27th, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:35 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:30 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M., Athens, Ga., 3:40 A. M., Atlanta 6:05 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 37 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 51 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 7:05 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 7:05 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 8:06 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 8:50 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:26 A. M. Pembroke 9:51 A. M., Lumberton 9:58 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 51 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:35 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M. arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 402 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 6:00 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:43 P. M.; train No. 37 from Richmond and points North at 7:51 P. M.; train No. 40 from Columbia and points South at 9:05 P. M., and train No. 65 from Columbia and points South at 9:00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
R. E. L. BUSCH,
feb 3 tf General Passenger Agent.



1831 Seventy-First Year. 1901

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nov 13 6m


### SHOT AROUND CORNERS.

**Investigation Proved That a Pistol Was Capable of Doing So.**

"Speaking of pistols," said a New Orleans lawyer, "I am reminded of a remarkable case in which I was interested soon after the war, when I was practicing over in Alabama. A general shooting affray, growing out of a family feud, had taken place at crossroads store, and an influential planter named McDermott was killed. He was standing behind a little shed, a considerable distance away, at the time, and a young man named Lee Allen was firing out of the store window at another of the crowd. McDermott was hit in the head, and the bullet was identified as coming from Allen's pistol, which was an English weapon of a very unusual size, caliber 47. But the singular part of the affair was that the place where the planter stood was out of the range of the window. The corner of the shed interposed, and it was simply impossible to understand how the missile reached its mark. I was engaged for the defense, and after carefully measuring the ground and firing several test shots I became convinced that my client was innocent and that there had been another 47 caliber pistol in the fight. The circumstantial evidence seemed to bear out my theory indisputably, and I felt confident of an acquittal, when at the eleventh hour the unexpected happened and knocked out my props.

"It occurred to the prosecuting attorney to test Allen's weapon and find out exactly how it carried. Accordingly he screwed it in a vise and blazed away a few times at a target at different distances. The result was astounding. Up to about 50 feet it shot all right, but at that point the bullet suddenly veered off at all sorts of extraordinary tangents. Sometimes it sailed up into the air, sometimes it plunged downward and sometimes it swooped off to one side. The explanation, however, was simple. It seemed that Allen had found the barrel too long and a week or so before the fight had filed off several inches. That operation completely destroyed the effect of the rifling, and instead of imparting a true circular twist to the bullet it gave it a peculiar 'English,' as billiard players would say, which was as liable to send it in one direction as another. That experiment fully explained the mystery of McDermott's taking off. My client was convicted of manslaughter and afterward pardoned. I don't know what became of the pistol. It should have been preserved as the only gun on earth that pitched curved balls."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

### A DAZED CONDUCTOR.

**Jones Amused Himself at the Expense of the Ticket Puncher.**

"I made a short trip the other day," said Jones, as he smiled softly to himself. "There were six of us in the party, and when we were ready to go home there was some doubt about whether or not we would be able to catch our train. I went on ahead, promising to buy the tickets, so there would be no delay when the others arrived. I managed to reach the station in time and secured the tickets, but the train arrived before my friends did, and I found myself on board with five extra tickets that I had no earthly use for, so I resolved to amuse myself at the expense of the conductor. Tearing up the check that he gave me when he took up my ticket, I waited for him to come around again.

"'Tickets,' he said shortly on his next round, seeing that I had no check.

"I gave up another ticket without a word and promptly tore up the check that he gave me.

"'Tickets,' he started to say when he came around again, and then he looked hard at me, and I handed over another ticket without comment.

"'See here, where is your check?' he demanded on his next trip.

"For reply I handed over another ticket.

"When he came around again, he looked at me in a startled manner, and I heard him give a sigh of relief when he passed and I had made no sign. I let him go until he was nearly to the door, and then I yelled to him that he had overlooked me and frantically waved another ticket.

"The next stop was mine, and as I passed the conductor on the outside I handed him another ticket with the remark that he had overlooked me.

"That conductor has an idea that he has been worked by some sort of a new game, but is unable to figure it out."—Detroit Free Press.

**Unexpected Results.**

"Say," said the man with the worried look, "do you remember giving me a lot of advice on how to conduct my love affairs about two months ago?"

"Yes," replied the man with the wise expression.

"Told me if I wanted to win the girl I should make love to her mother?"

"Uh—huh."

"Said if I could get the old lady on my side all I had to do was to toddle around with a ring and say 'When?' to the girl."

The wise man nodded.

"Said for me to compliment the mother on her youthful appearance," continued the worried man, "and give her a jolly about how sad it was that the young ladies of the present were not to be compared with those of the past?"

"Yes. Yes. You won the girl, I suppose."

"Yes, I did—not. The old lady has sued her husband for divorce and me for breach of promise."—Baltimore American.

**Won the Scotchman.**

On one occasion the late Lord Chief Justice Russell went to help the Liberals in a certain campaign. He began his speech with some very badly pronounced Scotch. After the confusion caused by his blunder had subsided Sir Charles Russell (as he was then) said, "Gentlemen, I do not speak Scotch, but I vote Scotch." Tremendous applause followed, whereupon Sir Charles proceeded, "And I sometimes drink Scotch." With this his hold on the audience was secured.—London News.

**Conceded.**

"'Mandy," said her elderly relative, "that young Spoonamore hasn't a cent to his name. You would be simply crazy to marry him."

"I am, auntie," replied Miss 'Mandy.—Chicago Tribune.

### A LARGE UNDERTAKING.

How many fishes are there in the seas?
How many sands on the shore?
How many branches are there on the trees?
How many grasses have waved on the lees?
How many stars have shown o'er?

When you have answered these questions of mine,
Then I will correctly search
And faithfully try in some way to divine
In just how many angles a boy will incline
As he lists to a sermon at church.

—Kirton Waterman in Woman's Home Companion.

## THE LOVING CUP.

Three College Men Made an Agreement, and It Was Faithfully Kept.

BY J. C. GOULD.

"That loving cup, eh? You want to know how I got that, do you?" said my uncle in response to some questions I had just asked him.

The loving cup in question was a good sized solid silver cup, beautifully chased and ornamented, and bore the following inscription: "'Our Mutual Friend,' married June 26, 1882; 'The Pirate,' married Thanksgiving day, 12 m., 1884; 'Tommie,' married Thanksgiving day, 12:30 p. m., 1884."

"Well, Bessie, its story began many years ago, when I was in my senior year in college, and, in fact, before that, when first three freshmen became acquainted, who, as a result, became the warmest of college chums. Those three friends were 'Our Mutual Friend,' 'The Pirate' and myself."

"Then you were 'Tommie?' How funny," I cried.

"Yes, they called me Tommie, although that was not my name. You see, there was a cousin of mine named Thomas at college with me and in the same class. We looked so much alike that I was continually being called Thomas Dexter by the professors instead of Richard Dexter. So the boys took it up and dubbed me Tommie, and Tommie I remained.

"Our Mutual Friend was a slim, studious youth and was the last of the trio of us boys. The Pirate and I were good friends and found in talking one day that we liked this chap, so we got going with him and spoke of him as Our Mutual Friend, and the name clung to him. The Pirate himself was a big football player and got his name because he used to tell blood curdling pirate stories at our 'frat' dining table. After we were well settled in our friendship we came to spend nearly all of our leisure time together.

"Just after the Christmas holidays, in our last year, the Pirate came to my rooms looking happy and mysterious. 'Come down to the Metropolitan hashhouse tonight, old man,' he said. 'I have something to tell you. Our Mutual Friend will be there.'

"'What's up?' I cried.

"'That's all, Tommie,' he replied. 'Be sure and come.'

"And go I did. I met the Pirate at the door, and, going into a little dressing room, we found Our Mutual Friend waiting for us. We at once adjourned to the dining hall, and the Pirate ordered us a dinner the like I had not had for many a day. We both saw something was in the wind, but neither Our Mutual Friend nor myself ventured remarks, nor did the Pirate. Through soup, fish, salad and meat we went, and the Pirate did not say a word about anything but the most ordinary topics of the day. After our meal, however, he spoke a word to the waiter, and thereupon a bowl of punch was placed before us, all wreathed in flowers. When the waiter had gone, the Pirate solemnly dipped out three glasses, and, giving one to each of us, kept the other.

"'A toast,' he cried, 'to the most beautiful of women—to the future Mrs. Pirate.' Open eyed we looked at him, almost forgetting to clink glasses and drink his toast.

"Anticipating our questions, the Pirate proceeded to tell of his love affair, which had culminated in his engagement in the Christmas holidays. It was after this divulgence that Our Mutual Friend proposed the scheme that brought about the existence of that loving cup.

"'Boys,' he said, 'I have a scheme. I move that the first one of us three married be presented with a set of solid silver spoons and that the last married be presented with a silver loving cup as wedding presents. This will save any anxiety or doubt either on the part of the giver or the recipient of the gift and will prove continual reminders of our college friendship.'

"'Second the motion,' I assented.

"'Carried!' cried the Pirate.

"'Here's to the health of our wives that are to be,' continued Our Mutual Friend, and we drank merrily to our future better halves and thus sealed our compact.

"'Of course we thought the Pirate had the spoons, as he intended to marry as soon as he left college, but it was a matter of speculation as to who would get the cup, for Our Mutual Friend and myself were both avowed bachelors. Well, as soon as we graduated we all went to our homes, the Pirate to Ohio, Our Mutual Friend to New York and I to California, where I began teaching. For some time I heard nothing of our compact and wedding gifts, but supposed, naturally enough, that the Pirate's wedding invitation would soon come to me. In the meantime we three kept up a correspondence, more or less regular, as all of a man's correspondence outside of his business is apt to be. Then in about a year and a half—hand me that bundle of letters from the top drawer in my writing desk, will you, Bessie? Yes, that one. Thanks—in about a year and a half I got this short epistle from the Pirate. I will read it to you:

"'Dear Tommie—Father has broken up in business and health and is in debt, and I am poorer than a church mouse. Worse than all, I guess I must get out of the contest for the silver spoons and enter the race for the loving cup if I ever get married at all, because I dare not tell Dora (that was his intended's name) to stay by her promise to me, but will cease to pay attention to her. THE PIRATE.

"'You may imagine that I did not hear of the destruction of all of my friend's hopes or happiness without some sorrow, and I immediately wrote him, cheering him and heartily scorning the girl that would desert him because of financial reverses. His reply came to the effect that he would not hold his betrothed to her promise under any conditions and that he had ceased all relations with her.

"'Just a week after this I got another letter from him. Here it is:

"'Dear Tommie—Unless you have a previous claim I will buy the spoons and give them to Our Mutual Friend. Only you and I are left now to contest for the loving cup, and I guess that I am the most probable candidate for it.

"'He went on, and his sadness over his forced separation from Dora, whom he had loved, seemed augmented by the fact that Our Mutual Friend's engagement was announced. The next week I received an invitation to Our Friend's wedding and remitted my share of the price of the spoons to the Pirate. That was the last of the love affairs of my friends that I heard for a long time, but now to my own.

"'A new family came to town, a mother, a son and two daughters. Well, to make a long story short, I became a frequent visitor at the house, and, to make a short story still shorter, I became engaged to the younger of the two girls, who is now your aunt. But I am getting ahead of myself.

"'I had determined to win the loving cup by remaining a bachelor longest, but here I was engaged, and what was I to do? Surely one cannot work against fate. I had just about decided to give up all hope of the cup and to ask my to be bride to make the date as early as possible, and so forth, when one evening I told her all the story of the wedding presents and of the Pirate and my dilemma about securing the cup. She became excitedly interested as I proceeded, and as I finally told of the Pirate's resignation in giving up his love because he could not properly support her she burst into an exclamation, clapped her hands and rushed into the house (we were on the porch in the moonlight) crying: 'I knew he was true. I knew it.' Astonished and perplexed, I could only attempt to follow, but she ran inside and called her sister, and hurried words, a faint exclamation and sobs were all I heard from the next room.

"Soon my excited fiancee returned, and I knew by her radiant face that my case was all right, any way, and listened curiously to her hurried and jumbled explanation. It seems that she had recognized in the Pirate her sister's lover, whom they had thought unfaithful, but for whom her sister still retained all her affection. Of course, I was delighted and set to thinking, in company with my betrothed, of a way to bring the two together.

"We finally hit upon this plan: There was a vacancy in the teaching force in the school where I taught, which needed the kind of preparation to fill which the Pirate had had in college. The Pirate, I knew, was in hard straits financially and would gladly accept a position which was more remunerative than the one he held. Besides this, I could easily get the place for him, as my recommendation counted for much with my superiors. As to what followed after he arrived we would let events take their course.

"And so the Pirate came and filled his position as teacher well. Hardly a week had passed before I induced him to go with me to visit the two sisters (and their mother). He, of course, did not know of my engagement and merely thought I was a friend of the family. Imagine his surprise, then, and his bewilderment when I introduced to him the sister of the girl to whom he had been engaged. After he had partially recovered from astonishment, the mother came in. I withdrew with my future bride and left them alone. Soon the mother also went away, and her daughter came. The reunion must have been complete and reconciliation sincere, for the Pirate's glowing face and thankfulness to me for a few weeks were well nigh overwhelming.

"But all this time, you see, I had my eye on the cup and so told him nothing of my engagement for some time. Many a time one of the two sisters almost let the cat out of the bag, and my actions must have aroused his suspicions, but I suppose he was too busy with his own bliss to take notice of me. At last the day I waited for arrived. He announced to me his wedding day and ordered the wedding invitations. Immediately I ordered mine also and set the date, with the consent of mother and daughters, at 12:30 o'clock of the same Thanksgiving day on which his came off. After these preliminaries I broke the news gently to the Pirate. His look I remember to this day, but he said nothing for some time. Finally I was relieved to hear a laugh, and then the Pirate said:

"'You are forgiven, Tommie; the cup is yours and fairly. You have made me happy, but,' he added, 'you would have had a struggle for it, though, if I had suspected your trick.'

"'Well, as you may suppose, we were married according to our plans, and, best of all, Our Mutual Friend made it convenient to visit us in time to see us united. He brought with him the cup, engraved as you see it.'

So he concluded, and I exclaimed: "So the Pirate is my father! Why, Uncle Richard Dexter!"

Just then a door opened, and a woman came in and, having just heard the last exclamation, said:

"What is your uncle tensing you about now, child?"

"Just told me the story of the loving cup," I replied.

She blushed and said, "That is the best story of any you could tell, Dick."—Los Angeles Times.

**Railroad Traffic of the World.**

This is the railroad age. Which nation is most prosperous in railroad traffic and therefore truest to this commercial era? The best test of the use of the railroad is in its freight carrying, for this is the index to the prosperity of a country. It is not surprising to see that the United States leads the world in the number of freight cars owned as well as in the amount of freight handled. Almost a billion tons of freight are handled in the United States in a single year, an amount most difficult even to conceive. It is more than twice the amount of freight handled over English railroads—as much, as is hauled over all the other railroads in the world combined.

England has a larger number of passengers a year, but it must be remembered that the distances in England are so very short that the mere number of passengers does not indicate the travel or prosperity which would appear at first thought. Russia, with her tremendous population and widely extended territory, stands last of all the European nations, a fact which can be taken as pretty good evidence of the lack of real progress hitherto made in the czar's dominion.—San Francisco Chronicle.

**One Beauty of Classical Music.**

Miss Gush—Do you like classical music, Mr. Sourdropp?

Mr. Sourdropp—Yes.

Miss Gush—Oh, I am so glad! Do you not find it great inspiration, sublime thought and true beauty?

Mr. Sourdropp—Not exactly. I like it because no blithering idiot can beat time to it with his foot.—Baltimore American.

**The Roar of Battle.**

The roar of the navy's four point seven's, their crash, their rush as they passed, the shrill whine of the shrapnel, the barking of the howitzers and the mechanical, regular rattle of the quick firing Maxims, which sounded like the clicking of many mowing machines on a hot summer's day, tore the air with such hideous noises that one's skull ached from the concussion, and one could only be heard by shouting. But more impressive by far than this hot chorus of mighty thunder and petty hammering was the roar of the wind which was driven down into the valley beneath and which swept up again in enormous waves of sound. It roared like a great hurricane at sea. The illusion was so complete that you expected, by looking down, to see the Tugela lashing at her banks, tossing the spray hundreds of feet in air and battling with her sides of rock. It was like the roar of Niagara in a gale, and yet when you did look below not a leaf was stirring, and the Tugela was slipping forward, flat and sluggish and in peace.—From "With Buller's Column," by Richard Harding Davis, in Scribner's.

**Ahead on Prayers.**

A bishop traveling in the depth of winter came to a house of a presiding elder to spend the night. The weather was bitterly cold, and the bedroom into which the bishop was shown had a thick coating of ice on the windows. The elder waited to see the bishop safely between the feather beds. But when the bishop, half frozen, jumped into bed without stopping to say his prayers the elder remonstrated with him.

"You have forgotten to say your prayers," he said.

"No," answered the bishop. "I always keep 'prayed up' in preparation for nights that are as cold as this."

**Natural as Life.**

Two ladies who had not seen each other for years recently met in the street. They recognized each other after a time, and their recognition was cordial.

"So delighted to see you again. Why, you are scarcely altered."

"So glad, and how little changed you are! Why, how long is it since we met?"

"About ten years."

"And why have you never been to see me?"

"My dear, just look at the weather we have had."

**Growing Cold.**

Mrs. Bridey (sobbing)—I don't care what you say, Harry doesn't love me as much as he did.

Her Mother—How ridiculous! Why, only this morning I heard him tell you you were the dearest girl on earth.

Mrs. Bridey—That's just it. He used to call me "the dearest girl that ever lived."—Philadelphia Press.

### DANGER FROM OVEREATING.

**Insanity Often Caused by Too Liberal Indulgence In Food.**

It is well known to the few medical men that many cases of insanity are directly due to overeating and the consequent absorption into the circulation of toxic matters from the intestinal tract, and melancholia, whether in mild or severe form, is generally due to this cause. Violent paroxysms of temper, whether in children or adults, are often properly referable to a bad state of the blood from this auto toxemia, as are indeed the exceedingly exuberant spirits of old or young at times. Just as we observe in alcoholic poisoning, some individuals are made temporarily jolly and good natured; others are made ugly and unreasonable.

In view of this condition of affairs isn't it rather a wise plan for us all to consider rather the needs of the organism for food than the mere question of palate tickling, to aim to eat good instead of bad food and enough of it—that is, not too much—to have the conditions about right when we take our meals; in brief to try and treat our bodies decently even though we act from a purely sensual point of view? In no other way can we secure the highest possible degree of pleasure on the average, while by acting thus sensibly we may enjoy practical immunity from disease.

The more exercise we take under proper conditions, the more we are exposed to cold, and the clearer we keep from excess in clothing the more we may eat; hence, in order to enjoy the fullest measure of table pleasures, we must live actively, wear as little clothing as is consistent with comfort and do considerable "roughing"—sometimes called hardening. With all this we should take our meals at times when the body or brain is not overtired, and when we "have leisure to digest," and, of all things, we should never eat unless we are hungry. To eat without an appetite is self abuse of the most stupid sort, since it affords no pleasure and is productive of disease.—Physical Culture.

### A BITE IN THE DARK.

**The Young Man Liked Jelly, and He Filled His Mouth.**

A young man whose work keeps him down town until the early morning hours usually reaches home with a sharp appetite. His mother, an indulgent mother, too, puts a little lunch out where he can get it, but this frequently fails to satisfy him. His wise parent knows this, and she saves the larder from a wholesale onslaught by locking things up.

Now, if there is one thing in particular that this youth dotes upon it is jelly. But jelly is an article of food that takes time and skill in its preparation, and if the lady left her jelly jars at his disposal—well, there would be none to dispose of after a few mornings. So the jelly is locked up the tightest of all.

The other morning the youth let himself into the house just as the gray streaks of dawn were crossbarring the eastern sky. There was milk and bread awaiting him, but his soul craved for jelly. He determined to hunt for some. Taking a slice of bread and a knife, he stole down cellar and searched the fruit shelves. What happiness! He dimly made out the outlines of a jelly jar. Was there any jelly in it? He dipped in his knife and felt the soft and quivering mass. What a joke on his usually careful mother! She had actually forgotten to turn the key on this treasure.

He drew out a generous quantity and carefully spread it on the bread. He had to do it largely by guesswork, because the cellar was almost totally dark. When the spreading was done, he smacked his lips lightly and took a generous bite.

No, it wasn't jelly; it was soft soap.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**The Jefferson Bible.**

"The Jefferson Bible in the Smithsonian institution," says the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Record, "has never been printed. The manuscript remains as it left Jefferson's hands, and, although several persons have proposed from time to time to print it, no one has ever done so. The Bible consists only of the teachings of Christ, extracts from the gospel arranged in chronological order from his birth to his ascension, and nothing else. All controversial passages are left out."


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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

| DATED Jan. 13th, 1901. (Corrected.) | No. 23 Daily. | No. 35 Daily. | No. 145 Daily ex. Sunday. | No. 41 Daily. | No. 49 Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | P. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. |
| Leave Weldon | 11 50 | 8 50 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Ar. Rocky Mt. | 1 06 | 9 39 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | P. M. | | | | |
| Leave Tarboro | 12 41 | ..... | 6 00 | ... | ..... |
| Lv. Rocky Mt | 1 06 | 10 00 | 6 37 | 5 15 | 12 12 |
| Leave Wilson | 1 59 | 10 49 | 7 16 | 5 57 | 2 40 |
| Leave Selma | 2 55 | 11 18 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Lv. Fayetteville | 4 30 | 12 3 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Ar. Florence | 7 25 | 2 40 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | P. M. | A. M. | | | |
| Ar. Goldsboro | ..... | ..... | 7 55 | ..... | ..... |
| Lv. Goldsboro | ..... | ..... | ..... | 6 45 | 3 30 |
| Lv. Magnolia | ..... | ..... | ..... | 7 01 | 4 05 |
| Ar. Wilmington | ..... | ..... | ..... | 9 30 | 6 40 |
| | | | | P. M. | A. M. P. M. |

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

| | No. 78 Daily. | No. 136 Daily ex. Sunday. | No. 14 Daily. | No. 48 Daily. | No. 48 Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | | P. M. | | |
| Lv. Florence | 9 10 | ..... | 7 25 | ..... | ..... |
| Lv. Fayetteville | 12 15 | ..... | 9 45 | ..... | ..... |
| Leave Selma | 1 50 | ..... | 11 35 | ..... | ..... |
| Arrive Wilson | 2 35 | ..... | 12 15 | ..... | ..... |
| | | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. |
| Lv. Wilmington | ..... | ..... | 7 00 | 2 25 | |
| Lv. Magnolia | ..... | ..... | 8 30 | 11 10 | |
| Lv. Goldsboro | ..... | 4 50 | 9 87 | 12 26 | |
| | P. M. | | A. M. | P. M. | P. M. |
| Leave Wilson | 3 35 | 5 33 | 12 18 | 10 45 | 1 18 |
| Ar. Rocky Mt. | 3 50 | 6 10 | 12 45 | 11 23 | 1 53 |
| Arrive Tarboro | ..... | 6 48 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Leave Tarboro | 3 51 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Lv. Rocky Mt | 3 39 | ..... | 12 45 | ..... | ..... |
| Ar. Weldon | 4 32 | ..... | 1 29 | ..... | ..... |
| | P. M. | | A. M. | P. M. | |

Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 9 05 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12 05 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.50 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.90 P. M., arrives Wilmington 9.25 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.51 A. M., Parkton 10.41 A. M., Hope Mills 10 55 A. M. arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.48 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.18 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 2.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 P. M., Greenville 6.17 P. M., Kinston 7.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M., arriving Halifax at 11.16 A. M., Weldon 11.52 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 3.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 8.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 

# The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 3.


## UNIFORM FREIGHT RATES.

**Important Meeting of Representatives of Southern Trunk Lines—The Seaboard Air Line**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, February 2.—Important questions relating to the establishment and maintenance of uniform rates in the South were discussed at a meeting of representatives of Southern trunk lines held here to-day.

President John Skelton Williams, of the Seaboard Air Line, at the conclusion of the meeting, said: "The meeting was entirely harmonious, and the best of feeling prevailed. An agreement was reached for the maintenance of uniform rates in the South Atlantic and Gulf States by the various lines interested." No details were given out.

President Williams was asked if there was any truth in the report that the Seaboard Air Line was negotiating to absorb another Southern road into its system, and in reply said: "That matter was not discussed to day."

Mr. Williams also stated that his company would probably bid for the State of Virginia's holdings in the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railway, when they were offered for sale next March.

## TRIBUTE TO QUEEN VICTORIA.

**Special Services in Washington Attended by the President and His Cabinet.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, February 2.—In the presence of a distinguished assemblage, including the President of the United States and his entire cabinet, impressive tribute to day was rendered to England's dead Queen. The ceremony occurred at St. John's Episcopal Church, beginning at 11 o'clock this morning, and was distinctly official in character. The British Ambassador, Lord Pauncefote, had been directed by the London Foreign Office to bestow his last mark of respect to the dead sovereign. The quaint old church where the services were held was packed to its utmost capacity with a great crowd, eager to gain admission.

The interior was elaborately decorated with purple, and flowers were profusely used. President McKinley and members of the Cabinet arrived shortly before 11 o'clock, and were escorted to seats on the right of the church, immediately fronting the chancel. Chief Justice Fuller and the associate justices of the United States Supreme Court occupied pews immediately in the rear of the presidential party, while to the right were ranged Senators and members of the House of Representatives, including the presiding officer of the Senate, Mr. Frye, and Speaker Henderson.

## IN THE TRANSVAAL

**Advices from Pretoria—DeWet's Force Going Southward.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PRETORIA, Feb. 2.—Gen. DeWet had 3 000 men in his command when he crossed the Thaba N'Chu line, going southward. The Boers have collected in force in the eastern Transvaal in order to facilitate their escape. The horse sickness now prevails in several districts and is making communication more difficult.

Organized attacks have been made along the eastern line and a large combined movement has been arranged against those taking part in them, with the object of clearing the whole region of the Boers and of supplies.

## RECRUITING THE ARMY.

**Enlistments for the Month of February Were 2,732**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 2.—The War Department practically has completed its arrangements for recruiting the army under the provisions of the reorganization act. The enlistment for the month of January amounted to 2,732, an increase of over 800 recruits secured during the previous month of December. The officials are very much encouraged at this result, and have no doubt of their ability to secure all the men they need. Many new recruiting stations have been established in various parts of the country.

## BRUTAL MURDERS.

**The Victims an Old Negro and His Five-Year-Old Daughter.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AMITE CITY, LA., Feb. 2.—Two brutal murders were perpetrated near Arcola last night, the victims being an old negro named Arthur Nickerson and his five year-old daughter. It is charged that the perpetrators of the outrage were white men. After killing the old man and his child they shot his grown daughter, who was endeavoring to escape, but she was only slightly wounded. After this they caught another girl, aged thirteen, took her into an adjoining room and outraged her. The officers have a clue to the murderers but no arrests have yet been made.

## KING EDWARD AND THE QUEEN

**Profoundly Touched by the Manifestations of Sympathy in America.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Feb. 2—The King and Queen, in a special audience granted Ambassador Choate and Secretary of Embassy White, after the conclusion of the services at Windsor, expressed themselves as profoundly touched by the manifestations of sympathy in America. In course of conversations had by Mr. White with other members of the royal family, all gave expressions to similar sentiments.


**For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.**


Rosaline Fontaine, a young white girl, between 13 and 14 years of age, was raped by a negro named Warren Matthews, who was lynched last night. The crime occurred at the home of the family, six miles from Ocean Springs, in Mississippi.


**THE MODERN WAY**

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches, and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Made by California Fig Syrup Co.


# THE FUNERAL OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

**A Sorrowful Pageant Through the Crowded Streets of London.**

**THOUSANDS OF MOURNERS.**

**The Procession—A Glittering Medley of Troops, Foreign Sovereigns and Their Attendants—Hundreds of Thousands of Spectators.**

By Cable to the Morning Star

LONDON, Feb. 2.—With every circumstance of splendid pomp befitting the obsequies of so mighty and well beloved a monarch, all that is mortal with Queen Victoria has been borne through the streets of the capital and started towards the ancient Fortress Palace of the sovereigns of England. The solemn magnificence of yesterday's opening phase of these last rites was only maintained. Perhaps the stately grandeur of to-day's sorrowful pageant through the swarming streets of London, with hundreds of thousands of mourners forming a black border route, will never be surpassed.

There was in Queen Victoria's funeral procession an absence of that black ceremonial generally connected with the final progress to the grave. To day the coffin was drawn by cream colored horses. The pall was white and the uniforms of the troops and the gold trappings of the foreign sovereigns, princes and representatives, forming a glittering medley, gave brilliant coloring to the scene. The chief mourner himself, with his field marshal's uniform, even though this was partially hidden by his overcoat, surrounded by his escort, helped to leaven the symbols of mourning marking the route.

**Distinguished Mourners.**

Never in English history has a sovereign been borne to the grave attended by so many distinguished mourners. The gathering of crowned heads surpassed those who rode in the jubilee procession. All the great officers of State participated. The display of the naval and military forces reached the great total of 35,000 men.

The firing of minute guns and the tolling of bells at a quarter past eleven announced to the countless multitudes who had been crowding London's muddy streets since daylight that the funeral procession, with the body of Queen Victoria, had begun its passage through the capital. The people fought for hours for a glimpse of the coffin and the kings and others following it. They saw a long procession of soldiers, a passing show of dazzling regalia, with a hundred royalties crowding after and then disappearing, while all the church chimes of the city were ringing and muffled dirges were played.

Europe has seen grander royal funerals than the Queen's and had a more gorgeous spectacle in the celebration of her sixty years of reign, but no episode in the Victorian era will live so deeply impressed on the memories of those who witnessed it or participated in the ceremonies.

**The Ceremonies.**

The day was sombre, wet and chilly, as are most of London's winter days. The cloudy sky added to the gloom of the whole city.

The scene at Victoria station, from early morning, was most brilliant and impressive. For to day's ceremony the station was transformed into an immense reception hall.

At 10 o'clock an army of grooms, with the horses, arrived and thence forward distinguished British naval and military officers and foreign royalties, in dazzling uniforms, came in quick succession. The lord chamberland and his officials, bareheaded, with their white wands of office, received the most distinguished personages and conducted them to a little pavilion erected on the platform.

The whole station, by that time, resembled the scene ot a levee.

The commander in chief of the forces, Field Marshal Earl Roberts, on a beautiful, spirited brown mare, carrying his field marshal's baton, at this juncture trotted into the station and became the centre of interest. He was soon followed by the Earl Marshal, the Duke of Norfolk, and many of the most distinguished British officers. Then came the carriages for the Queen and the Princesses.

Following the carriages and preceded by an officer came an object at which every officer in the animated throng instinctively came to the salute and every head was bared. It was the little khaki colored gun-carriage, which was to carry Queen Victoria's remains from Victoria to Paddington station. The eight Hanoverian cream colored horses which also drew the late Queen on the occasion of the jubilee, were used to-day.

**The Procession.**

The procession, apart from the gun carriage bearing the coffin, and the royal family and official mourners about it, was not noteworthy. Parliament, the judiciary and the commercial bodies were not represented. Royalty, the army and navy monopolized the pageant. Three thousand soldiers and sailors, picked companies representing all branches of the service, cavalry, artillery, infantry, yeomanry, militia, volunteers and colonials, formed the advance escort. They marched slowly and without music. Most of the uniforms were covered with dark overcoats and the standards were draped with black, the officers wearing bands of crape on their sleeves. Three hundred musicians announced the coming of the Queen. There was a long array of court officials, under the leadership of the Duke of Norfolk, all attired quaintly and brilliantly, bearing maces or wands, most of them elderly men who for years had served the royal lady for whom they were performing the last offices.

**The Coffin.**

Most of the spectaters expected an imposing catafalque and the coffin was almost past before they recognized its presence by removing their hats. It was a pathetically small oblong block concealed beneath a rich pall of white satin, on the corners of which gleamed the royal standard which was draped and a large crown of gold encrusted with jewels rested at the head of the coffin, which was at the end of the gun carriage, just over the gun. On the foot of the coffin were two smaller crowns with a gold, jewelled sceptre lying between them. The eight horses which drew the gun-carriage were almost concealed beneath their rich harnesses. A large bow of purple was attached to the coffin. This was the only symbol of mourning. Around the coffin walked the stalwart bearers, non commissioned officers of the guards and household cavalry, and on either side were the Queen's equerries, lords in-waiting and physicians. All the uniforms were covered with long dark cloaks.

**Royal Mourners.**

The spectacle was so quickly past that the spectators hardly realized it or had time to bare their heads, or comprehend the details when a group of magnificently attired horsemen, with sparkling helmets and coats, mounted on beautiful chargers, was before them. Immediately after the company about the coffin three royal mourners rode abreast. King Edward VII. was the central figure of the three, but a no less ostentatious personage was seen in the procession. A black chapeau, with a plume of white feathers was on his head, and a long black cloak was buttoned around him, and hung down over the big black horse which he was riding. The King's familiar face seemed grave and care worn. He looked straight ahead, apparently at the gun-carriage on which was the body of the sovereign whose glory and responsibilities he had inherited. He did not see, or gave no sign of seeing, the long ranks of soldiers hedging back the populace about him. The windows crowded with black bonneted women, the multitudes of uncovered heads, the purple draperies and the general wreaths everywhere. He passed like a man alone, who neither knew or thought of the world about him, and the sentiment his presence inspired was only sympathy and pity. The people seemed to see in the King one of themselves, and the deep murmurs which arose here and there carried a note of sorrow and love, almost as deep as the expressions which greeted the passage of the coffin of their Queen.

**Emperor William.**

Beside King Edward rode Emperor William, his nephew and neighbor. The unique, commanding figure of the German Emperor could not for a moment be mistaken. He looked every inch a soldier and the commander of men. His imperial majesty glanced right and left as he rode and his hand was frequently raised to the red and white feathers hanging over his hat as he responded to salutes. Emperor William also wore a black cloak over his new British field marshal's uniform and the splendid white charger beneath him pranced up and down, giving his majesty an opportunity to display fine horsemanship.

On the King's left rode his brother, the Duke of Connaught, a man of soldierly appearance, almost unnoticed and unrecognized by the people. In the second rank behind rode two more sovereigns, the Kings of Greece and Portugal, both glittering with lace. Then followed a dazzling array of members of royal families, numbering about forty in all, and riding three abreast. So close were they together and so quickly did they pass that individuals, prospective rulers of empires, kingdoms and principalities could not be distinguished.

Ten minutes after the coffin appeared the funeral procession had passed and the music of the dirges drifted back across St. James' Park.

**Field Marshal Earl Roberts.**

After the funeral party itself, the dominating figure of the day was Field Marshal Earl Roberts. When his popular and well-known bronzed face came in view the people forgot the solemnity of the occasion and broke into cheers, also shouting, "Bobs!" and other expressions of familiar approval.

The military attaches of the embassies and legations were with Lord Roberts' staff. In the front rank rode the American attache, Major Edward G. Cassett, in an infantry officer's full dress.

The funeral procession occupied two hours in passing Victoria station to Paddington, a distance of three miles. The decorations everywhere were impressive but not elaborate. Purple draperies, hung with green wreaths, predominated. Flags were on most of the buildings.

The really impressive exhibition of mourning was the black clothing worn by practically all the people, who, as the streets, windows, stands and roofs everywhere were covered with spectators, gave the whole scene a sombre hue.

St. James Park was packed with a crowd of about twenty thousand people who overran the flower beds, stood on the fences and swarmed in the trees, sitting on the branches and clinging to the limbs during the long, chilly hours of waiting. It was too much to expect the populace to maintain a mourning demeanor, and they fought with policemen, smashed hats and chaffed the programme venders, after the custom of a London holiday crowd; but when the bells began tolling the whole people felt the solemnity of the day, and the demeanor of the crowds while the procession was passing was one of the most impressive features of the day.

**Scenes at Paddington.**

For an hour before the arrival of the procession Paddington station was the centre of striking scenes. There were assembled there, clad in glittering court costumes, the ambassadors, ministers and representatives of every civilized country on the globe. Mingled with them were the highest officers of the crown. All were engaged in the work preparatory to the departure for Windsor. Among them, conspicuous because of the absence of adornment, dressed in plain black clothing, was the American ambassador.

It was precisely 12 20 P. M. when the guards lining the platform came to a sharp "attention," and with a solemn tread the head of the procession entered the building. For half an hour all was hushed save the occasional clatter of horses' hoofs as the hussars and lancers trotted into view, or the rattle of the heavy gun carriages as they lumbered by. Then there was a break in the procession and through the archway came the royal bier, followed by the mounted representatives of royalty. Then came a score or more of attendants.

**Procession Delayed.**

The order had just been given to start, the muffled drums rolled, and with the strains of Chopin's funeral march the head of the procession had actually moved off when it was found impossible to induce the artillery horses to move. They had grown cold from long waiting in the biting wind, became restive, and narrowly missed overturning the gun-carriage. The King looked terribly distressed, and the marshal of the procession was non plussed, when the naval guard of honor came to the rescue. The order "pile arms" rang out, and the clean shaven, smart-looking handy men doubled to the front and evoked the admiration of all by the speed with which they removed the refractory horses, improvised ropes out of the traces and started the gun carriage with its precious burden towards the chapel.

The start of the cortege was signalized by minute salutes fired by guns posted on the long walk, which were continued until eighty one shots had been fired, one for each completed year of the dead Queen's age.

The King and German Emperor alighted. There was a man at every horse's head and a hand at every carriage door, and as the music of the massed bands echoed throughout the station the pall was removed from the coffin and the casket was deposited in the saloon carriage which the Queen had so often occupied during her life time.

King Edward, Queen Alexandra and the Duke of Connaught, stood grouped together as the coffin was borne in and then they all took seats and the train started for Windsor.

**At Windsor.**

WINDSOR, February 2.—By noon many notabilities in full uniform had arrived and the streets were jammed. The scarlet cloaks of the Life Guards, the busbies of the Grenadiers and the helmets of the infantry lined the streets picturesquely. Sand was scattered along the route to prevent the possibility of slipping.

The court yard of the castle was filled with privileged spectators. Exquisite wreaths were placed outside the chapel walls and almost covered the steps, up which the coffin was brought. Inside, people in gorgeous uniforms and in deep black were taking up their places. Pages wearing the dress of the George III period, with big lace ruffles, bright red coats and white breeches and stockings, flitted here and there.

St George's chapel was a magnificent sight, and divided attention with the officials and college of heralds, gorgeous in quaint mantles, tabards and insignia, and the medeavial looking yeomen of the guard, carrying their halberds at a slope.

**The Funeral Rites.**

The Chapel choir, the Archbishop, the Bishops and other clergy met the procession at the west door. From the organ loft midway of the nave and the chancel came the strains of Mendelssohn's march from "Songs Without Words." The strains of the organ died away and the choir commenced singing softly the sentences for the dead. The solemn cortege proceeded up the nave, which was thronged with the highest and noblest women of England. "Lord, Thou Hast been our Refuge," to Felton's setting, was next sung by the choir, which had now taken its place in the transept to the right of the altar.

The coffin rested upon a catafalque placed at the steps of the altar. The cross over the communion table was covered with white flowers and the reredos behind was almost concealed with sprays of fern dotted with lilies.

The Bishop of Winchester read the lesson from the 15th Corinthians "Man that is Born of Woman" was chanted by the choir to Wesley's music, followed by "Thou Knowest, Lord, the Secrets of Our Hearts." The Dean of Windsor read "I Heard A Voice," and the choir sang the Lord's Prayer to the music composed especially for the dead Queen by Gounod. Once more the strains of the choir welled up through the ancient chapel with the singing of "How Blessed Are They That Die," by Tschaikowsky. The Archbishop of Canterbury read the Collect, and with quavering voice pronounced the Benediction. There was a solemn pause while all heads bowed. A few sobs were heard and the choir then broke the oppressive stillness with the sweet harmony of the "Dresden Amen."

At 4 o'clock the service was over. The Archbishop of Canterbury bowed his head on the altar and prayed, and the kings and princes passed to the left of the altar, leaving the coffin and the catafalque, and passing into the castle.

## CAPT. W. H. KITCHIN

**Died Last Night at His Home in Scotland Neck, N. C.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SCOTLAND NECK, N. C., Feb. 2.—Captain W. H. Kitchin died here to-night at 9 o'clock. He had been ill for about two weeks with pneumonia. Capt. Kitchin was well known throughout the State, and his death will be greatly regretted. He was held in high esteem, being elected first to the State Legislature and afterwards to Congress. He was the father of Hon. W. W. Kitchin, Congressman from the Fifth district, and Hon. Claude Kitchin, representative in Congress from the Second district of this State.

## SURPRISED BY FILIPINOS.

**Five Americans Killed, Four Wounded and Two Are Missing.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, February 2.—Lieutenant Hicken and a detachment of thirty of Company M, 44th regiment, while crossing a river Tuesday night were surprised by insurgents gathered at Fiesta San Lucia, Island of Cebu. They were attacked in front and on both flanks by a hundred rifles and more bolomen. Five Americans were killed, four were wounded and two are missing. The insurgent loss is believed to have been heavy. Captain Mallied, with a detachment, reinforced Lieutenant Hicken. They recovered some bodies which were mutilated. Additional detachments were sent and are endeavoring to surround the insurgents.

## ESCAPED LYNCHING.

**Negro Charged With Criminal Assault in Nottoway County, Va.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., February 2.—William Wilson, the negro charged with attempted criminal assault upon Mrs. Watkins, and who was arrested in Norfolk, was to day committed to Nottoway jail. Later, the county judge learned that a mob was forming to lynch the prisoner and ordered him taken to Petersburg for safe keeping. When the train reached Blackstone, which is near the scene of Wilson's alleged crime, a mob of several hundred had assembled, and a search was made for the prisoner. He was concealed in the lavatory of a Pullman, however, and escaped, reaching Petersburg in safety.

## WARM WIRELETS.

President McKinley signed the bill for the re organization of the army at 12:40 P. M. yesterday. It is now a law.

Ex Congressman George D. Tillman, died after a long illness at home in Edgefield, S. C., yesterday aged 76.

All hope of saving the three masted schooner George R. Congdon, which went ashore Thursday morning on the Hatteras coast, has passed.

The Southern Pacific deal represented an outlay of $70,000,000, all of which was paid in cash. The operation, however, extended over several weeks.

The War Department expects to issue immediately a general order to the army reciting the enactment of the Army canteen closing law, and enjoining upon all army officers and enlisted men obedience to its provisions.

All the exchanges in New York city were closed yesterday, as a tribute of respect to the memory of the Queen, with the exception of the Coffee Exchange, which was unable to suspend business without seriously interrupting its affairs.

In Charleston, S. C., yesterday, at the request of St. Andrew's Society and St. George's Society, special memorial services were held at the time of the Queen's funeral, at historic St. Michael's Church, Rev. John Kershaw, the rector, and the Episcopal clergy in the city taking part.


**Editor's Awful Plight.**

F. M. Higgin's Editor Seneca, (Ills.) News, was afflicted for years with Piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. Its the surest Pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. Cures guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.


# SITUATION AS TO THE SHIPPING BILL

**The Opposition Making Vigorous Fight Against Passage of the Measure.**

**TALK OF AN EXTRA SESSION.**

**Senate and House Proceedings—Entire Day in the Senate Devoted to Consideration of the Subsidy Bill. Speeches in Opposition.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, February 2.—The Senate met at 11 o'clock to day and with the exception of an hour and a half at the beginning of the session, devoted the entire day to the discussion of the Ship Subsidy bill. Mr. Turner and Mr. Mallory were the speakers.

Mr. Turner criticised especially a statement made by Mr. Frye concerning speed premiums for the equalizing of bounties paid by foreign countries. He asserted that the expenditures would be $6,906,000, whereas the Senator from Maine had put at it $3,344,000.

Mr. Frye contended for the correctness of his position, but said that there might be an error in calculation.

Mr. Turner also charged a discrepancy of $500.000 in Mr. Frye's figures concerning the annual cost of carrying the ocean mails.

Mr. Aldrich made another effort to secure action upon the amendments to the Ship Subsidy bill offered by himself, but Mr. Mallory, Florida, announced that he desired to speak upon the amendment and he declined to yield for that action. Mr. Mallory then proceeded with his speech, which was an arraignment of the measure in general. He attacked the bill on constitutional grounds. Even ex Senator Edmunds had admitted that bounties are in contravention of the constitution, he said.

Mr. Mallory quoted Mr. Hanna as saying that the twenty-one knot and twenty-two knot ships would not be increased under this bill. From this admission Mr. Mallory argued that the bill could do nothing toward providing auxiliary cruisers, for no slow vessel could be utilized as a cruiser.

Mr. Mallory contended that the ship building industry of the country is now in a more promising condition than at any time since the beginning of the civil war and that it needs no extraneous aid to make it a success in the early future.

In conclusion Mr. Mallory contended that the Subsidy bill would not be the boom to the American shipping which it had been promised it should be, while he believed it would prove the inauguration of a new era in American affairs, in the matter of giving bounties to individual enterprises.

Mr. Hanna presented and the Senate agreed to the report of the conference committee making provision for the inauguration ceremonies on the fourth of March.

The Senate adjourned at 6:10.

**Situation as to the Shipping Bill.**

The situation in the Senate was not changed by any development to-day. The Republicans intend to continue pressing the Shipping bill and the leaders say next week will develop whether or not the opposition intend to talk the measure to death. The Senators who are leading the opposition say that there are enough speeches to consume ten days and that some Republicans are lending encouragement to the fight against the bill. The opposition believe that the desire to avoid an extra session will soon force the appropriation bills and the war revenue bill to the front, and prevent consideration or a vote upon the Shipping bill. A great deal depends upon the success of the Republicans in holding night sessions next week. If they show up with a quorum until a late hour for three or four nights the opposition might weaken. The Democrats say the Republicans must demonstrate that they have a majority for the bill which will "sit up with it," and show that they are determined to pass it.

As to extra session talk, Senators who have seen the President say that he feels that it is necessary; but they are almost unanimous against an extra session and will do everything possible to prevent one being called.

Senator Spooner to-day authorized the statement that if it should become necessary to do so he will move the substitution of the Oleomargerine bill as the regular order of business in the Senate instead of the pending Ship Subsidy bill.

Senator Spooner has never been considered among the zealous advocates of the Subsidy bill, and he is very strongly favorable to the Oleomargarine bill.

The declaration of Senator Spooner afforded great satisfaction to the opposition Senators, to whom it was communicated. They now assert great confidence in their ability to accomplish the defeat of the Subsidy bill during the present session, and to-day were apparently more confident in that direction than they have yet been. They say they can talk upon the bill until the 4th of March, but evidently they do not expect to have to do so.

Senator Frye said to-day that he would press the Subsidy bill to the utmost, but only until it should be considered necessary to take up the Appropriation bills. The general understanding is that he will not antagonize the supply bills whenever it is considered necessary to press them.

**House of Representatives.**

The House spent the day until 3 o'clock in consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill. The struggle over the questions of restoring the appropriation for pneumatic tube service and of the reduction of railway mail pay were precipitated by amendments offered, but no action was taken.

At 3 o'clock public business was suspended to permit members to pay tribute to the memory of the late Senator Davis, of Minnesota.

Governor Nash has telegraphed to the directors of the Sangerfest Athletic Association, at Cincinnati, that the Ruhlin-Jeffries fight cannot be held in Ohio.


**That Throbbing Headache.**

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of suffers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher


## BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices for rent or sale, lost or found, and all other short advertisements of this character inserted in this Department, in small Special Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

**Regular Monthly Meeting** of Cape Fear Camp No. 284, U. C. V., will be held on Monday night, the 4th inst., at 8 o'clock at the W. L. I. Armory. Henry Savage, Adjutant. feb 3 1t

**Wheel Stolen**—A Bicycle, No. 41,499, Olive make, color green, trimmed with red, from vestibule of the Western Union office Front street. Reward will be paid for recovery. Hans A. Kure, Jr. feb3 1t*

**Wanted**—A large wholesale house intends to establish a branch office in Wilmington, and desires manager for same. Salary, $25 per month and extra profits. Applicant must furnish good reference and have $500 cash. Address Manager, Box 1151, Philadelphia, Pa. jan 27 8t

**I Have Opened** a full line of Groceries and fancy Wines and Liquors at No. 5 south Second street, and wish a patronage of those in need of anything in my line. Dan Benton & Co. feb 2 1t

**Wanted, Manager**—Energetic man to manage branch. Old established house. No soliciting; office duties wholly. Salary $21 month and extra commissions. Yearly engagement; chance rapid advancement for man of ability. Experience not necessary. Must furnish good references and $5.0 cash. Manager, Drawer 74, New Haven, Ct. jan 27 13t*

**Wanted**—Shipments Beef Cattle and Dressed Pork at once. I am also receiving Quail, Eggs, Turkeys, Chickens, Furs Hides, Wax, Cotton and Naval Stores as usual. T. D. Love, No. 114 North Water street. jan 6 1t

**Buggies,** Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Black smith and Harness shops third street, opposite Court House. F. H Hayden. dec 30 1t

**Piano and Organ Tuning** and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Lu'den & Bates', S. Mkt. 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 59. oct 27 1t

**Land for sale**—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The North Co. oct 25 1t

**Choice Timothy Hay,** Clover Hay, Straw, Feed, ground Meal, Pearl Hominy Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephone No. 92. jy 8 1t

**Apples, Peaches and Honey**—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches Butter, Chickens, Eggs Bananas, Lemons Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Black Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 1t


# Our Loss

**Has Been Adjusted**

with the Insurance Companies, OUR HOME CO., "The Wilmington Underwriters," with Col. Walker Taylor, its efficient, prompt and energetic agent being first to settle.

We wish to thank all the agents concerned who showed us courtesies pending the settlement.

# The Fire Sale

is now on, and we are too busy to enumerate the hundreds of bargains we are moving. If you don't get your pick, blame yours elf only.

Respectfully,

**MERCER & EVANS COMPANY.**

jan 9 tf

# Seed Potatoes and Guanos.

**150 BAGS GENUINE SEED POTATOES.**

These are Good Seed Potatoes.

**10,000 BAGS FERTILIZERS,**

Including Armour & Co.'s Celebrated Brands.

Also, one of the biggest stocks of Groceries in the Carolinas.

**GET OUR FIGURES BEFORE BUYING.**

**D. L. CORE CO.,**

**WHOLESALE GROCERS,**

Wilmington, N. C.

# 1 car Seed Potatoes.

EARLY ROSE, PEERLESS, HEBRON and BURBOUKS.

# 1 car Nails.

**COFFEE, SUGAR AND MOLASSES,**

AND A FULL LINE OF

# Heavy Groceries.

For Sale at Close Prices.

**S. P. McNAIR.**

jan 30 tf

# SPECIAL BARGAINS

in Fancy Clocks and Silver Novelties Will sell at very close profits. Call and examine my line of goods and get my prices, and suit yourself as to where you buy. Notice the Show Windows.

**J. T. BURKE, The Jeweler.**

**No. 27 South Front street.**

dec 21 tf

# Look In!

**My Show Windows for Daily Reduction Bargains.**

**N. F. PARKER,**

**Furniture and Furniture Novelties,**

Bell 'Phone 613. 111 Market street. Inter-State 421.

jan 30 tf


## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a majority of the Corporators of the Southport, Wilmington & Western Railroad Company, which was chartered pursuant to articles of association filed on the 2nd day of September, 1899, will apply to the General Assembly of North Carolina at the present session thereof to pass an act to repeal the charter of said company.

FREDERICK M. LEONARD, Attorney.

jan 25 30d


**LARGE SHIPMENT.....**

Bananas, Oranges, Apples, Pears and Cocoanuts just arrived. Candy Factory in full blast. Don't buy bakery supplies before examining my line.

**Andrew Mavronicholas,**

jan 23 tf 119 Market street. 706 North Fourth street.

**The Hand That Executes**

and the brain that conceives our artistic Wall Paper Patterns are always busily engaged in devising new and attractive designs. We have just received the first instalment of our new Spring stock. The samples are ready for your inspection. Let us show you the freshest output of the best factories.

**C. W. Yates & Co.**

feb 3 1t

# DO YOU NEED A SUIT?

**IF SO, IT IS TO YOUR INTEREST TO CALL ON US BEFORE BUYING....**

We are offering big values at present. We sell only the best Imported Fabrics and our trimmings and workmanship are in keeping with the quality of our goods.

Have you a Tuxedo Suit? If not, we can make you one on Short notice. Did you ever try the Japanette Handkerchief? We also have Silk and Linen.

**Furnishing Goods of every kind. Underwear at Cost.**

# M. H. CURRAN, 107 Princess St.

jan 27 tf

**EVENING SLIPPERS.**

**SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.**

feb 3 1t

# The Spring —of 1901—

Will soon be ushered in, and now that we have finished taking inventory of stock and gone through our store from first to fourth floors, we find we have many desirable things to close out. On our first floor and in our Dress Goods Department we have about 1,000 pieces of Dress Goods and Linings.

We have the Rainy-day Skirt Goods—all wool and fine quality, worth 65c, now 45c. We have an all-wool Homespun 45c. We have an all-wool Homespun 48 inches wide, that we sell for 39c. We have several pieces Herring Bone Serge that is worth 75c, now 50c. In all-wool Plaids we have several patterns. The regular wholesale price is 37½c; now to move these goods will sell at 25 cents. We have four pieces all-wool Botany Worsted, 48 inches wide, good patterns, worth 50c per yard; my price 33c. Cashmeres in light shades for evening dresses, 36 and 88 inches wide, at 18, 25, 29, 35 and 50c a yard. Several pieces Hamilton Serges, regular price 15c, my price 11c. Yard wide Percales in Remnants for 5c per yard. White and colored Piques, regular 12½c goods, for 9c. Heavy Printed Ducks and Bicycle Sutings worth 10c, my price 7c per yard.

10 pieces very heavy colored Table Linen, slightly soiled, in navy blue and white, pretty patterns, worth 40c per yard, we are selling at 18c.

The red and white and green and white, fast colors, regular 50c quality, now going at 25c.

NOTIONS—We have 6-ounce Jars Vaseline for 5c.

A 10c bottle of Shoe Paste for 5c.

Four boxes Carpet Tacks for 5c

Two packages Clinch Shoe Nails for 5c.

Six pairs Thread Shoe Strings for 5 cents.

Hemlock Shae Soles for 10c a pair.

Hair Brush for 5c.

Seven-inch Rubber Combs for 5c.

100 assorted Bristle Tooth Brushes for 5c each.

Clark's Best Machine Thread for 3c a spool.

Six spools of Embroidery Silk for 5 cents.

Three spools Button Twist for 5c.

Five cards good Hooks and Eyes for 5c.

A dozen Slate Pencils for 5c.

A one pound writing Tablet for 5c.

One pound of good Writing Paper for 10c.

Ten packages good Envelopes for 35 cents.

Misses and Children's Rubber Shoes at 10c a pair.

A job lot of Women's Rubber Shoes at 20c.

A lot of Men's Rubber Shoes at 40c a pair.

Six good Rubber Tipped Lead Pencils for 5c.

Stafford's Best Ink for 3c a bottle.

Alluminum Hair Pins, large size, 10c a dozen.

One dozen Marbles for 2c.

Sharp's Best Needles for 1c a paper.

Adamantine Dressing Pins for 1c a paper.

We have new goods coming in every day for the Spring.

Will sell you 10 yards of nice Blue Organdie for 40c—4 cents per yard.

For the early Spring we have a lot of new Sailors in black and colors.

Children's all wool Reefers for $1 50 each, nicely made.

Remember our Millinery Department when in need of anything in this line.

We are well supplied with Chiffons, Mousselines, Ribbons, Veilings and Baby Caps. In this department we can offer the wholesale and retail trade great values.

SILKS—In changeable colors I have several styles at 22c a yd. Extra quality all Silk Taffeta at 50c yd. 27 inches wide, all Silk Black Taffeta, heavy weight, regular $1.00 goods, for 75c. Black and colored Sateens at 48c per yard.

We ask you to join the cash bargain seekers and come and take a look over our store and see the immense stock of goods we carry. We give away lots of presents with all cash purchases. Ask for a card and get it punched with all your purchases at

**THE BIG RACKET STORE,**

**208-210 North Front Street, Near Postoffice and Depot.**

# GEO. O. GAYLORD,

**PROPRIETOR.**

feb 3 tf

**Do you rest easy about your money?**

WHY NOT Deposit in the largest and strongest savings bank in North Carolina, where it will bear interest AT RATE OF **4% PER ANNUM, Compounded Quarterly,** and is subject to check, without notice, at any time.

Our next quarter begins March 1st.

**THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.**

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.

C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. feb 2 1t

# Solid Rubber Mounted Buggy Harness,

Heavy Brass Mounted Express Harness,

Dray and Cart Harness and Saudries. Hair Collars—best in the city. Riding saddles, Horse Covers, Brushes, Blanket's, Robes, Whips, Reins, Breeching. Repairing done at Reasonable Prices. Trunks Repaired.

**Let us show you, and you will be convinced that our Prices ARE RIGHT.**

**The S. P. Cowan Livery Co.,**

feb 1 tf 108, 110 and 112 North Second street.

# Strawberries and Sweet Cream

AT

**WARREN'S BAKERY AND CAFE,**

jan 31 tf 22 North Front street.

# Press Boy Wanted.

* * * A boy who has had some
* * * experience in running Job
* * * Presses, and who must be
* * * a resident of Wilmington,
* * * is wanted at the

**STAR OFFICE.**

jan 25 3t